SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

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lf more than one search is subm ***********	******	**********
Include the elected species or structures, ke utility of the invention. Define any terms known Please attach a copy of the cover:	eywords, synonyms, acron that may have a special me sheet, pertinent claims, and	as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. syms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or caning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if abstract.
Title of Invention: Humilif	ien for Firel Co	ામ
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Inventors (piease provide ran mantes).		
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Laritest Friority Frining Date:		(parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the
Please, search (attached copy)	For subject	matter of claims 1-15.
Searcher Phone #: Searcher Location: Date Searcher Picked Up: Date Completed:		
	Fulltext	Sequence Systems
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PTO-1590 (8-01)		

=> file home FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:39:13 ON 06 APR 2004

=> display history full 11-

FILE 'HCA, WPIX, JAPIO' ENTERED AT 16:27:13 ON 06 APR 2004 L140578 SEA FUELCELL? OR FUEL? (2A) (CELL OR CELLS) L2 22573 SEA FUELCELL? OR FUEL? (2A) (CELL OR CELLS) L3 15047 SEA FUELCELL? OR FUEL? (2A) (CELL OR CELLS) TOTAL FOR ALL FILES L478198 SEA FUELCELL? OR FUEL? (2A) (CELL OR CELLS) L54806 SEA HUMIDIF? 11042 SEA HUMIDIF? L6 6983 SEA HUMIDIF? L7 TOTAL FOR ALL FILES L822831 SEA HUMIDIF? L9 14280 SEA HOLLOW? (2A) (FIBER? OR FIBRE? OR FILAMENT? OR STRAND? OR THREAD? OR RIBBON? OR FILIFORM? OR TUBUL?) L10 15506 SEA HOLLOW? (2A) (FIBER? OR FIBRE? OR FILAMENT? OR STRAND? OR THREAD? OR RIBBON? OR FILIFORM? OR TUBUL?) L11 5271 SEA HOLLOW? (2A) (FIBER? OR FIBRE? OR FILAMENT? OR STRAND? OR THREAD? OR RIBBON? OR FILIFORM? OR TUBUL?) TOTAL FOR ALL FILES L12 35057 SEA HOLLOW? (2A) (FIBER? OR FIBRE? OR FILAMENT? OR STRAND? OR THREAD? OR RIBBON? OR FILIFORM? OR TUBUL?) L13 710 SEA L1 AND L5 L14 514 SEA L2 AND L6 L15 398 SEA L3 AND L7 TOTAL FOR ALL FILES 1622 SEA L4 AND L8 L16 L17 30 SEA L13 AND L9 L18 38 SEA L14 AND L10 L19 15 SEA L15 AND L11 TOTAL FOR ALL FILES L20 83 SEA L16 AND L12

SUPPLIES OR SUPPLIED) (3A) (GAS## OR GASEOUS? OR GASIF?))

L22

401 SEA HUMID? (5A) ((REACT? OR RX# OR RXN# OR SUPPLY? OR
SUPPLIES OR SUPPLIED) (3A) (GAS## OR GASEOUS? OR GASIF?))

L23

229 SEA HUMID? (5A) ((REACT? OR RX# OR RXN# OR SUPPLY? OR
SUPPLIES OR SUPPLIED) (3A) (GAS## OR GASEOUS? OR GASIF?))

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L21

L24

921 SEA HUMID?(5A)((REACT? OR RX# OR RXN# OR SUPPLY? OR SUPPLIES OR SUPPLIED)(3A)(GAS## OR GASEOUS? OR GASIF?))

291 SEA HUMID? (5A) ((REACT? OR RX# OR RXN# OR SUPPLY? OR

L25 3524 SEA (LIQ# OR LIQUID? OR LIQUEF? OR FLUID? OR FLU!FACT?) (2
A) (EXHAUST? OR EFFLUENT? OR EFFLUVI?)

L26 6981 SEA (LIQ# OR LIQUID? OR LIQUEF? OR FLUID? OR FLU!FACT?) (2

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A) (EXHAUST? OR EFFLUENT? OR EFFLUVI?)
L27
           1733 SEA (LIQ# OR LIQUID? OR LIQUEF? OR FLUID? OR FLU!FACT?) (2
                A) (EXHAUST? OR EFFLUENT? OR EFFLUVI?)
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
          12238 SEA (LIQ# OR LIQUID? OR LIQUEF? OR FLUID? OR FLU!FACT?) (2
L28
                A) (EXHAUST? OR EFFLUENT? OR EFFLUVI?)
L29
            159 SEA L13 AND L21
            114 SEA L14 AND L22
L30
           105 SEA L15 AND L23
L31
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
           378 SEA L16 AND L24
L32
              2 SEA L13 AND L25
L33
L34
              2 SEA L14 AND L26
              2 SEA L15 AND L27
L35
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L36
             6 SEA L16 AND L28
L37
             14 SEA L17 AND L21
             11 SEA L18 AND L22
L38
L39
             7 SEA L19 AND L23
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
             32 SEA L20 AND L24
L40
     FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 16:37:15 ON 06 APR 2004
L41
             16 SEA L33 OR L37
             15 SEA L17 NOT L41
L42
     FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:37:46 ON 06 APR 2004
L43
             12 SEA L34 OR L38
L44
             27 SEA L18 NOT L43
     FILE 'JAPIO' ENTERED AT 16:38:19 ON 06 APR 2004
L45
             9 SEA L35 OR L39
L46
             8 SEA L19 NOT L45
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=> file hca FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 16:39:26 ON 06 APR 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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L41 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
140:114255 Apparatus and method for humidifying gases. Saito,
Takahiro (Asahi Glass Engineering Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai

```
Tokkyo Koho JP 2004028490 A2 20040129, 10 pp.
                                                    (Japanese). CODEN:
     JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2002-187910 20020627.
AB
     The app. has humidifying zones in a case and a steam
     contq. humidifying gas, supplied from
     an inlet, flowing through the zones successively; where the
     humidifying zones have humidifying gas passages
     formed by polymer membranes having different steam permeability,
     with the zones closer to the humidifying gas inlet having
     passages made of lower steam permeability membranes.
                                                           The membranes
     may be hollow fibers. A gas, esp. a solid
     electrolyte fuel cell reaction
     gas, is humidified by passing the app. to
     indirectly contact the humidifying gas.
IC
     ICM F24F006-04
     ICS F24F006-00; H01M008-04; H01M008-10
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
CC
ST
     fuel cell reaction gas
     humidifying method app
ΙT
     Fuel cells
     Humidity
        (membrane permeation app. and method for humidifying
        reaction gases for fuel cells
    ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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L41 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 140:62364 Humidifier for fuel cell.

Tanihara, Nozomu; Yoshinaga, Toshimune (Ube Industries, Ltd., Japan). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2004004044 Al 20040108, 39 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (Japanese). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2003-JP6711 20030528. PRIORITY: JP 2002-159891 20020531.

The humidifier comprises: a hollow-fiber bundle, composed of a large no. of hollow fiber membranes, and tube plates for fixing both ends of the bundle; mounted on a container having at least a 1st gas inlet and outlet and a 2nd gas inlet and outlet, and spaces through the outside of the membranes and through the hollow side sepd.; where the hollow-fiber membrane has an inside diam. of ≥400 μm, a water vapor permeability rate (P' H20) of ≥0.5+10-3 cm, a water vapor to 0 gas permeability rate ratio of ≥10, and a tensile fracture extensibility of

≥80 % after the membrane was treated in 100° hot water for 50 h. The humidifier is used for humidifying a supply gas to the fuel cell

ICM H01M008-04 IC ICS H01M008-10

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

STfuel cell humidifier structure

hollow fiber membrane characteristics control

Polyimides, uses ΙT

> (hollow fiber membrane; humidifiers contq. hollow fiber membranes with controlled characteristics for **fuel cells**)

ΙT Fuel cells

Humidity

(humidifiers contg. hollow fiber membranes with controlled characteristics for fuel cells)

ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L41

138:306098 Hollow-fiber membrane module and manufacture of same.. Hayashi, Takahiro; Namikata, Kazuhiko (NOK Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003112016 A2 20030415, 6 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-309119 20011004.

In title app. including a casing, plural hollow-AB fiber membranes arranged in the casing, potting section(s) at the end portion(s) of the casing for sealing the gaps between the inner wall of the casing and the outer wall surfaces of the hollow-fiber membranes, the potting section(s) is composed of plural layers having different hardness. In the potting section(s), a low hardness layer (e.g., silicone) is arranged at the innermost side of the casing, and a high hardness layer (e.g., epoxy resin) having hardness higher than that of the low hardness layer is arranged at the outer side of the low hardness layer. hollow-fiber membrane module can be used for supplying humidified gas to fuel cells, etc.

ICM B01D063-02 IC

ICS B01D053-22; B01D061-00; B01D063-00; F24F006-08; H01M008-04

48-1 (Unit Operations and Processes) CC Section cross-reference(s): 38, 52

hollow fiber membrane module manuf potting layer STdifferent hardness; fuel cell humidified gas supply hollow fiber

membrane module

Membranes, nonbiological ΙT

(hollow-fiber; hollow-fiber

membrane module and manuf. of same) ΙT Fuel cells (humidified gas for; hollow-fiber membrane module and manuf. of same for supply of) ΙT Gases (humidified, supply of; hollowfiber membrane module and manuf. of same) IΤ Epoxy resins, uses Polysiloxanes, uses (layer, potting section contg.; hollow-fiber membrane module and manuf. of same) ΙT Potting compositions (layers, of different hardness; hollow-fiber membrane module and manuf. of same) ŢΤ (low and high hardness layers for; hollow-fiber membrane module and manuf. of same) ΙT Hardness (mechanical) (of potting layers; hollow-fiber membrane module and manuf. of same) ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L41 138:155476 Hollow-fiber membrane module... Takahashi, Yoshihide (Nok Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003038938 A2 20030212, 7 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-232548 20010731. AΒ The title app. includes a cylindrical module casing, a hollow-fiber membrane bundle, which is formed by bundling plural hollow-fiber membranes, filled in the module casing, and 1st and 2nd paths passing through the inside and outside of the hollow-fiber membranes, resp.; the hollow-fiber membrane module is wrapped by a nonwoven fabric, and filled into the module casing at the nonwoven fabric-wrapped state to facilitate the filling process. The app. can be used for, e.g., . humidifying fuel gas and supplying the humidified fuel gas to solid polymer fuel cells, etc. IC ICM B01D063-02 ICS B01D053-22; F24F006-08; H01M008-04; H01M008-10 47-2 (Apparatus and Plant Equipment) CC Section cross-reference(s): 52 ST hollow fiber membrane module nonwoven fabric wrapped bundle; fuel cell fuel gas humidification hollow fiber membrane

module

Water vapor

(adding of, of fuel gas; hollow-fiber

IT

membrane module for humidifying fuel gas of solid
polymer fuel cells)

IT Containers

(casing; hollow-fiber membrane module with nonwoven fabric wrapped membrane bundle in module casing)

IT Nonwoven fabrics

(for wrapping membrane bundle; hollow-fiber membrane module with nonwoven fabric wrapped membrane bundle in module casing)

IT Membranes, nonbiological

(hollow-fiber; hollow-fiber

membrane module with nonwoven fabric wrapped membrane bundle in module casing)

IT Fuel gases

(humidification of; hollow-fiber membrane module for humidifying fuel gas of solid polymer fuel cells)

IT Fuel cells

(polymer electrolyte; hollow-fiber membrane module for humidifying fuel gas of solid polymer fuel cells)

- L41 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 137:313541 Membrane tubing humidifiers for fuel
 cell use. Smith, T. Paul; Leighty, David A. (USA). U.S.
 Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2002155328 A1 20021024, 10 pp. (English).
 CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2001-839748 20010420.
- AB In humidifying the fuel input to a fuel cell, a stream of dry inlet gas is passed inside the strands of liq. permeable tubes. A stream of hot wet exhaust gas from the fuel cell or hot cooling water from the fuel cell is passed over the outside of the tubing bundle in a counter-current flow direction. Water vapor from the hot wet exhaust gas or liq. water from the hot cooling water is absorbed onto the outside surface of the permeable tubing, permeates through the walls of the tubing, and pervaporates into the dry gas stream inside the tubing. At the same time, heat from the exhaust gas or cooling water is conducted through the tubing walls into the dry gas stream inside. The permeation of water also carries heat with it, increasing the efficiency of heat recovery and transfer into the inlet fuel/oxidant gas.
- IC ICM H01M008-04
- NCL 429013000
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 47
- ST fuel cell use membrane tubing humidifier
- IT Exhaust gases (engine)

Fuel cells

Membranes, nonbiological
Pipes and Tubes
 (membrane tubing humidifiers for fuel
 cell use)

- L41 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 137:297399 Hollow fiber membrane humidifier

. Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Suzuki, Mikihiro; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002298895 A2 20021011, 11 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-101416 20010330.

The humidifier, for fuel cell
reaction gases, has a bundle of hollow
fiber membrane, for water vapor exchange between 2 fluid
flowing inside and outside the fibers, resp., fixed in a housing
having inlet and outlet holes for the fluid flowing outside the
fibers, where the total area of the inlet holes is smaller than the
total area of the outlet holes. Another structure of the
humidifier has a pipe connected to a distribution chamber,
for supplying a fluid flowing inside of fibers, where the narrowest
part of the pipe has a cross-sectional area smaller than the total
cross-section hole areas of the fibers.

IC ICM H01M008-06

ICS B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-04; H01M008-10

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST fuel cell reaction gas

hollow fiber membrane humidifier

IT Membranes, nonbiological

(hollow-fiber; structure of hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for reaction gases for fuel cells)

IT Fuel cells

Humidity

(structure of hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for reaction gases for fuel cells)

- L41 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 137:297345 Fuel cell humidifier and method of using it. Hayashi, Takahiro; Namikata, Kazuhiko (NOK Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002289229 A2 20021004, 9 pp.

(Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-83326 20010322.

The humidifier has a tubular pipe and a concentrically tubular case, both having an opening in their wall surfaces, a bundle of hollow fiber membranes filled in between, a 1st passage connecting the inside of the pipe to the case opening via the opening on the pipe, a 2nd passage passing through the voids inside the membrane, a fuel gas flow supplied to a solid

IC

CC ST

ΙT

ΙT

L41

AB

IC

CC ST

ΙT

fiber membrane humidifiers for

humidifying fuel cell fuel

polymer fuel cell through 1 passage, and a water vapor contg. gas flowing in the other passage for humidifying the fuel gas; where the membrane bundle is a wound up membrane and is filled together with the pipe in the case. The humidifier is used by humidifying fuel gas supplied to fuel cells by fuel cell off gas. ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-04; B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D071-64; F24F006-00; 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) fuel cell hollow fiber membrane humidifier structure application Membranes, nonbiological (hollow-fiber; structure of and method for using hollow fiber membranes humidifiers for polymer electrolyte fuel cells) Fuel cells Humidity (structure of and method for using hollow fiber membranes humidifiers for polymer electrolyte fuel cells) ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 137:297344 Fuel cell humidifier and method for using the humidifier. Saito, Masaharu; Nakayama, Tomoihiro (NOK Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002289228 A2 20021004, 7 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-83325 20010322. The humidifier has a hollow polyimide fiber membrane sepg. water vapor from gases for humidifying a fuel gas supplied to a solid polymer fuel cell. Preferably, the membrane has a polyalc. dip coating and been heated at 90-120°. The humidifier is used by supplying a fuel cell off gas as water vapor source for humidifying the fuel gas. ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-04; B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D071-64; H01M008-06; H01M008-10; F24F006-04 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) polyimide hollow fiber membrane polyalc coating humidifier fuel cell Membranes, nonbiological (hollow-fiber; polyimide hollow

gas by off gases)

IT Humidity

(humidifiers contg. imide hollow fiber membrane with polyalc. coating for fuel cells)

IT Polyimides, uses

(polyamide-; polyimide hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for humidifying fuel cell fuel gas by off gases)

IT Polyimides, uses

(polyether-; polyimide hollow fiber membrane
humidifiers for humidifying fuel
cell fuel gas by off gases)

IT Fuel cells

Water vapor

(polyimide hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for humidifying fuel cell fuel gas by off gases)

IT Polyamides, uses

Polyethers, uses

(polyimide-; polyimide hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for humidifying fuel

cell fuel gas by off gases)

- IT 56-81-5, Glycerin, uses 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, uses (polyalc. dip coated polyimide hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for humidifying fuel cell fuel gas by off gases)
- L41 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCA. COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 136:387820 Humidification apparatus for adding moisture to gases to be supplied to fuel cells. Okada, Keiji (Nok Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002147802 A2 20020522, 6 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-338025 20001106.
- The title app. includes a bottomed inner casing, a concentrically arranged outer casing, and hollow-fiber membranes arranged in the annular gap between the outer and inner casings. In the app., the following paths are provided: (1) 1st path: from one end side of the hollow-fiber membranes passing through their hollow inner portions to the other end side of the hollow-fiber membranes, and (2) 2nd path: from 1st opening section, which is arranged on the side wall surface of the inner casing, passing through the gaps among the outer walls of the hollow-fiber membranes to 2nd opening section, which is arranged on side wall surface of the outer casing; the gas to be humidified is flowed through the 1st path (or 2nd path) and a moisture-contg. gas is flowed through the other path, or vice versa. The gas to be humidified is

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reactant gas (e.g., H2 and/or O2) of fuel
     cells. The hollow-fiber membranes are
     made of polymers, e.g., polyimides.
                                          The fuel
     cells are solid polymer-type fuel cells.
     ICM F24F006-04
IC
     ICS B01D053-22; B01D053-26; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; H01M008-04;
          H01M008-10
CC
     47-5 (Apparatus and Plant Equipment)
     Section cross-reference(s): 51, 52
ST
     humidifier hollow fiber membrane gas
     moisture addn fuel cell; fuel
     cell reactant gas moisture addn
     humidification app; hydrogen moisture addn
     humidification app fuel cell; oxygen
     moisture addn humidification app fuel
     cell
     Water vapor
IT
        (addn. of; humidification app. with hollow-
        fiber membranes for adding moisture to gases to be
        supplied to fuel cells)
ΙT
     Membranes, nonbiological
        (hollow-fiber; humidification app.
        with hollow-fiber membranes for adding
        moisture to gases to be supplied to fuel cells
ΙT
     Fuel cells
        (humidification app. with hollow-
        fiber membranes for adding moisture to gases to be
        supplied to fuel cells)
ΙT
     Gases
        (humidification of, app. for; humidification
        app. with hollow-fiber membranes for adding
        moisture to gases to be supplied to fuel cells
     Polyimides, uses
ΙT
     Polymers, uses
        (membranes, hollow-fiber;
        humidification app. with hollow-fiber
        membranes for adding moisture to gases to be supplied to
        fuel cells)
IT
     1333-74-0, Hydrogen, processes 7782-44-7, Oxygen, processes
        (humidification of, app. for; humidification
        app. with hollow-fiber membranes for adding
        moisture to gases to be supplied to fuel cells
    ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
136:328141 Solid-electrolyte fuel cell system with
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controlled humidification state. Suzuki, Mikihiro; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002117879 A2 20020419, 7 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-306742 20001005.

- AB A fuel cell system comprises a fuel
 cell, humidifying means installed in
 reaction gas supply channel and
 supplying water to the fuel cell, a
 separator installed in the released gas channel and sepg. the
 released gas into gas and liq., a bypass channel for supplying the
 reaction gas to the fuel cell so as to bypass
 the humidifying means, a case provided in the bypass
 channel for storing the water obtained in the separator, a
 hollow fiber membrane installed in the case, and
 means for heating the case, the hollow fiber
 membrane, and the inside of the case. The fuel
 cell is in the prescribed humidified state even
 when it is started.

 T.C. HOLLOW 0.0.0.0.4
- IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST solid electrolyte **fuel cell** system controlled **humidification** state
- IT Humidity

Solid state fuel cells

(solid-electrolyte **fuel cell** system with controlled **humidification** state)

- L41 ANSWER 11 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 136:250326 Humidifier for fuel cell.
 Suzuki, Motohiro; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Giken Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 20020039674 Al 20020404, 23 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2001-970104 20011003. PRIORITY: JP 2000-305317 20001004.
- AB A humidifier for fuel cell of the present invention comprises a hollow fiber membrane module in which a hollow fiber membrane bundle, comprising hollow fiber membranes bundled together, is accommodated inside a housing. The module comprises an entrance head which supplies off-gas inside the hollow fiber membranes, an exit head which converges off-gas, which has passed through the hollow fiber membranes, at another end of the hollow fiber membrane module, and an exhaust exit which exhausts liq., accumulated in the entrance head.

 According to this humidifier, it is possible to prevent the hollow fiber membranes from becoming blocked by water.

 ICM H01M008-04

ICS H01M008-10 NCL 429030000 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST fuel cell humidifier hollow fiber membrane ΙT Membranes, nonbiological (hollow-fiber; water-permeable humidifier for fuel cell) ΙT Fuel cells (water-permeable humidifier for fuel ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 135:125050 Humidifying system for fuel cell Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Motohiro; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Giken Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 20010010871 A1 20010802, 10 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2001-774373 20010130. PRIORITY: JP 2000-23225 20000131. AB In a humidifying system for a fuel cell , the system producing a highly wet air by allowing dry air to pass through a water permeable humidifier, and supplying the highly wet gas to a fuel cell, the humidifying system comprises a supercharger between an inlet for introducing gas into the fuel cell and an outlet for releasing gas from the humidifier. Since the pressure at the inlet of the supercharger is lower than the pressure at the outlet, the flowvelocity at the inlet is higher than the flow velocity at the outlet. Therefore, the flow velocity of the dry air which flows inside the humidifier can be increased so as to be higher than the flow velocity in the case where the supercharger is provided between the inlet for introducing gas into the fuel cell and a gas intake opening. Accordingly, the efficiency of humidification is improved, and the sizes of the humidifier and the supercharger can be reduced. ICM H01M008-02 IC ICS H01M008-10 429012000 NCL CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) ST humidifying system fuel cell ΙT Membranes, nonbiological (hollow-fiber, water-permeable; humidifying system for fuel cell) ΙT Fuel cells (humidifying system for fuel cell)

ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

L41

- 135:109734 Humidifiers for polymer electrolyte fuel cells. Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Mikihiro; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2001201122 A2 20010727, 16 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-10974 20000119.
- AB The humidifiers have 2 gases with different moisture content flowing sep. inside and outside a water permeable hollow fiber membrane, where the flow directions of the 2 gases cross each other.
- IC ICM F24F006-04 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D069-08; F24F006-00; H01M008-04
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST polymer electrolyte fuel cell reaction gas humidifier
- IT Fuel cells
 Humidity

(cross flow hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for polymer electrolyte fuel cells)

- L41 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 135:109733 Humidifiers for fuel cell
 reaction gases. Suzuki, Mikihiro; Kusano, Yoshio;
 Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Katagiri, Toshikatsu (Honda Motor Co., Ltd.,
 Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2001201120 A2 20010727, 11 pp.
 (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-10969 20000119.
- AB The humidifiers have a water permeable hollow fiber membrane installed along the length direction in a housing, gas flows of different moisture content passing along the membrane inside and outside the fibers for moisture exchange, and inlet and outlet for the gas flowing outside the fibers near the ends of the housing. The humidifiers are esp. useful for polymer electrolyte fuel cells.
- IC ICM F24F006-04
 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; H01M008-04; H01M008-10
 CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST polymer electrolyte fuel cell reaction gas humidifier
- IT Fuel cells
 Humidity

(structure of water permeable hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for fuel cell reaction gases)

- L41 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 126:62760 Humidifiers for reaction gases
 - supplied to solid polymer electrolyte fuel cells. Fujikawa, Futoshi; Hasegawa, Yasuaki; Watanabe,

Shogo (Mazda Motor, Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 08273687 A2 19961018 Heisei, 9 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 1995-73864 19950330.

AB The humidifiers are hollow fiber membrane devices for contacting the reaction gas with water or the cathode off gas from the cells. The humidifiers may have a reaction gas chamber and a water chamber connected to the cooling water pipe for the cells.

IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST solid polymer electrolyte fuel cell humidifier; fuel cell reaction gas humidifier; hollow fiber humidifier fuel cell

IT Fuel cells

(hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for reaction gases supplied to solid polymer electrolyte fuel cells)

IT Membranes, nonbiological

(hollow-fiber; hollow fiber
membrane humidifiers for reaction
gases supplied to solid polymer electrolyte
fuel cells)

IT Air conditioning

(humidification; hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for reaction gases supplied to solid polymer electrolyte fuel cells)

- L41 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 124:33704 Fuel cell stacks with reaction
 gas humidifying means. Ishimaru, Yoichi; Mizuno,
 Seiji (Toyota Motor Co Ltd, Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP
 07245116 A2 19950919 Heisei, 9 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF.
 APPLICATION: JP 1994-64518 19940307.
- AB In fuel cell stacks having a passage for recycling a cooling water, the water passage is made in contact with reaction gas supplying passages for the cell electrodes, where at least part of the contacting area is composed of a water permeable membrane. The membrane may be a porous layer having higher permeability for water than for the reaction gas or a hollow fiber membrane.
- IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10
- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell reaction gas humidifying

IT Fuel cells

(reaction gas humidifying means for water cooled fuel cell stacks)

IT Membranes

(hollow-fiber, MHF; reaction
gas humidifying means for water cooled
fuel cell stacks)

=> file wpix

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 16:39:52 ON 06 APR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 THOMSON DERWENT

FILE LAST UPDATED: 5 APR 2004 <20040405/UP>
MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200423 <200423/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

=> d 143 1-12 max

L43 ANSWER 1 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2003-793925 [75] WPIX

DNN N2003-636328

TI Gas humidification apparatus for fuel cell, has fixed shaft that carries out screw coupling with pair of base materials, to assemble hollow fiber membrane with the base materials.

DC Q74 X16

PA (NIOD) NOK CORP

CYC 1

PI JP 2003240284 A 20030827 (200375) * 8p F24F006-08

ADT JP 2003240284 A JP 2002-40258 20020218

PRAI JP 2002-40258 20020218

IC ICM F24F006-08

ICS F24F006-00

AB JP2003240284 A UPAB: 20031120

NOVELTY - The apparatus has a **hollow fiber** membrane module (10) inserted into recesses (21) of a pair of base materials (20,30), and engaged with the base materials. A fixed shaft (40) that is fixed to the module and base materials, has portions (41,42) that carry out screw coupling with the base materials.

USE - For humidifying the gas supplied to fuel cell.

ADVANTAGE - The hollow fiber membrane is easily and reliably attached to and detached from the gas humidification apparatus.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a schematic view

of the assembly operation of the gas humidification apparatus. humidification apparatus 1 hollow fiber membrane module 10 base materials 20,30 recesses 21 screw hole 22 through hole 31 screw 32 fixed shaft 40 shaft portions 41,42 Dwq.2/8 EPI GMPI AB; GI EPI: X16-C09 ANSWER 2 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2003-341322 [32] WPIX N2003-273016 Humidifying system for polymer electrolyte fuel cell, has ejector to mix portion of anode exhaust gas with fuel gas, using negative pressure resulting from flow of fuel gas. KATAGIRI, T; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK US 2003008189 A1 20030109 (200332)* 13p H01M008-04 JP 2003017101 A 20030117 (200353) q8 H01M008-04 US 2003008189 A1 US 2002-190072 20020703; JP 2003017101 A JP 2001-204286 20010705 PRAI JP 2001-204286 20010705 ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10 US2003008189 A UPAB: 20030820 NOVELTY - A humidifier (2) transfers moisture of cathode exhaust gas discharged from the cathode to the fuel gas, through hollow filler membranes. Another humidifier (3) transfers moisture of cathode exhaust gas discharged from the humidifier (2) to oxidant gas, through hollow

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CYC PΙ

> fiber membrane. An ejector (4) mixes portion of the anode exhaust gas with the fuel gas using the negative pressure resulting from flow of fuel gas. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a method of humidifying gases supplied to the fuel cell.

USE - Humidifying system including supersonic humidifier, nozzle injection humidifier, steam humidifier for fuel cells e.g. polymer

electrolyte fuel cells. ADVANTAGE - Retains balance between humidification of fuel gas and oxidant gas. Avoids increase in pressure fluctuation, thus durability of hollow fiber membrane is improved. Provides a simple structure, thus maintenance and inspection is carried out easily. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a block diagram of the humidifying system for fuel cell. humidifiers 2,3 ejector 4 Dwg.1/9 EPI AB; GI EPI: X16-C01C; X16-C09 L43 ANSWER 3 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2003-206981 [20] WPIX N2003-165431 Hollow fiber membrane module for humidifier, has module case into which hollow fiber membrane bundle wrapped in non-woven fabric is provided. 074 X16 (NIOD) NOK CORP CYC-1 JP 2003038938 A 20030212 (200320)* 7p B01D063-02 JP 2003038938 A JP 2001-232548 20010731 PRAI JP 2001-232548 20010731 ICM B01D063-02 B01D053-22; F24F006-08; H01M008-04; H01M008-10 JP2003038938 A UPAB: 20030324 NOVELTY - A hollow fiber membrane bundle (3) is wrapped in a non-woven fabric (4) and then inserted into a module USE - For humidifier to humidify heating gas supplied to solid polymer fuel cell, etc. ADVANTAGE - Hollow fiber membrane is prevented from damage during man hour. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows hollow fiber membrane module. module case 2 hollow fiber membrane bundle 3 non-woven fabric 4 Dwg.1/11 EPI GMPI AB; GI EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09

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L43
     ANSWER 4 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2003-090974 [08]
                       WPIX
DNN
     N2003-071919
TΤ
     Humidifying module has plumbing whose bottom is provided
     with protrusion which opposes fluid flow direction.
DC
     Q52 Q72 Q74 T06 X16 X21
IN
     KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M
PA
     (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK; (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD
CYC
PΙ
     US 2002139320 A1 20021003 (200308)*
                                              17p
                                                     F22B037-22
     CA 2379429
                   A1 20020930 (200308)
                                         ΕN
                                                     F24F006-02
     DE 10214078
                   A1 20021017 (200308)
                                                     B01D063-02
     JP 2002292233 A 20021008 (200308)
                                              10p
                                                     B01D053-22
     US 6669177
                 B2 20031230 (200402)
                                                     B01F003-04
     US 2002139320 A1 US 2002-103723 20020325; CA 2379429 A1 CA
ADT
     2002-2379429 20020327; DE 10214078 A1 DE 2002-10214078 20020328; JP
     2002292233 A JP 2001-101415 20010330; US 6669177 B2 US 2002-103723
     20020325
PRAI JP 2001-101415
                      20010330
     ICM B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01F003-04; F22B037-22; F24F006-02
IC
          F02D041-00; F02D043-00; F02D045-00; F24F006-00; F24F006-04
     ICS
ICA
    H01M008-04; H01M008-06; H01M008-10
AΒ
     US2002139320 A UPAB: 20030204
     NOVELTY - A plumbing (2) is inserted into hollow
     fiber bundle (1b), with insertion length shorter than the
     length of bundle. A protrusion provided at the bottom of the
     plumbing, opposes flow direction of fluid streaming the inside of
     plumbing.
```

USE - Humidifying module for fuel cell.

ADVANTAGE - The occurrence of the remained fluid can be prevented, thus fracture of the plumbing caused by the freeze of remained water and cooling down of high temperature gas discharged from fuel cell by remained water is prevented.

Therefore, the module brings the efficient output responsibility and start-up responsibility to the fuel cell, even if it is adopted to humidification of the gas supplied to the fuel cell. Obtains module with superior workability since shape of the plumbing in cylinder and protrusion is made cone. Since the fluid comes to be supplied over the whole hollow fiber module with sufficient fluid distribution towards the radius direction, the usability of the hollow fiber is improved.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the perspective view of the **humidifying** module.

Dwg.1A/11

FS EPI GMPI

```
FΑ
     AB; GI
MC
     EPI: T06-B07; X16-C; X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A
L43
     ANSWER 5 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2003-081938 [08]
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2003-064282
TΙ
     Humidification module for fuel cell in
     electric vehicle, humidifies air and hydrogen gas flowing
     through respective hollow fiber membranes by
     exchanging water content between air, hydrogen gas and
     humidification gas.
DC
     Q74 X16 X21
PA
     (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD
CYC
PΙ
     JP 2002298882 A 20021011 (200308)* 11p H01M008-04
     JP 2002298882 A JP 2001-99476 20010330
ADT
PRAI JP 2001-99476
                      20010330
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
          F24F006-00; H01M008-10
     ICS
AΒ
     JP2002298882 A UPAB: 20030204
     NOVELTY - A partition (17) separates hollow-fiber
     membranes (P1, P2). Humidification gas (MG)
     supplied from center of the module passes through holes (31)
     in partition. Air (Ad) and hydrogen gas (Hd) flowing through the
     respective hollow fiber membrane are
     humidified by exchanging water content between air, hydrogen
     gas and humidification gas.
          USE - Humidification module for solid electrolyte
     fuel cell is electric vehicle.
          ADVANTAGE - Improves the humidification efficiency by
     reducing the calorie released from the module, thereby improving the
     electricity-generation efficiency of fuel cell.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view
     of the humidification device.
     Air Ad
            Hollow-fiber membranes P1, P2
     Hydrogen gas Hd
            Humidification gas MG
     Partition 17
     Hole 31
     Dwq.2/9
     EPI GMPI
FS
FΑ
     AB; GI
MC
     EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09; X16-C15; X21-A01F; X21-B01A
L43
     ANSWER 6 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2003-081937 [08]
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2003-064281
```

```
Fuel cell system has pure-water flow path for
TΙ
     supplying pure water to humidifier, that is arranged such
     that pure water is heated by high temperature fluid ejected from
     fuel cell stack.
DC
     X16
PA
     (NSMO) NISSAN MOTOR CO LTD
CYC
                                             7p H01M008-04
     JP 2002298880 A 20021011 (200308)*
PI
     JP 2002298880 A JP 2001-95428 20010329
ADT
PRAI JP 2001-95428
                      20010329
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS H01M008-06; H01M008-10
     JP2002298880 A UPAB: 20030204
AΒ
     NOVELTY - A pure-water flow path (12a) for supplying pure water to a
     humidifier (2), is arranged such that pure water is heated
     by a high temperature fluid such as exhaust gas
     ejected from a fuel cell stack (1) through a
     high temperature fluid flow path (12b).
          USE - Fuel cell system.
          ADVANTAGE - Pure water is supplied to the humidifier
     stably and is heated quickly.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the fuel
     cell system.
            Fuel cell stack 1
       Humidifier 2
          Pure-water flow path 12a
          High temperature fluid flow path 12b
     Dwg.1/8
FS
     EPI
FΑ
   AB; GI
MC
    EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09
    ANSWER 7 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
L43
     2003-052020 [05]
AN
                        WPTX
DNN
    N2003-041319
                        DNC C2003-013592
     Humidifier for solid polymer fuel cell
TI
     , has hollow fiber membrane bundle made of tire
     fabric and film wound together on pipe.
     J01 L03 Q74 X16
DC
PA
     (NIOD) NOK CORP
CYC
     1
                                              9p H01M008-04
PΙ
     JP 2002289229 A 20021004 (200305)*
     JP 2002289229 A JP 2001-83326 20010322
ADT
PRAI JP 2001-83326
                      20010322
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D071-64; F24F006-00; H01M008-10
     JP2002289229 A UPAB: 20030121
AB
     NOVELTY - A hollow fiber membrane bundle (4)
```

```
made of tire fabric and a film (6) are wound together on a pipe (3).
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the
     use of a humidifier.
          USE - Used as a humidifier for humidifying
     combustion gas supplied to a solid polymer fuel
     used in an electricity generation system.
          ADVANTAGE - The strength of the humidifier is
     increased, and humidification efficiency are improved,
     while improving the gas exchange rate.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a partial
     perspective view of the humidifier.
     Pipe 3
            Hollow fiber membrane bundle 4
     Film 6
     Dwa.1/14
     CPI EPI GMPI
     AB; GI
     CPI: J01-E02C; L03-E04A2
     EPI: X16-C01C
    ANSWER 8 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
     2003-052019 [05]
                        WPIX
    N2003-041318
                        DNC C2003-013591
     Combustion gas humidifier for solid polymer fuel
     cell, has hollow fiber membrane
     containing imide group material.
     J01 L03 Q74 X16
    (NIOD) NOK CORP
     JP 2002289228 A 20021004 (200305)*
                                               7p H01M008-04
     JP 2002289228 A JP 2001-83325 20010322
PRAI JP 2001-83325
                     20010322
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D071-64; H01M008-06; H01M008-10
ICA F24F006-04
     JP2002289228 A UPAB: 20030121
    NOVELTY - A humidifier comprises a hollow
     fiber membrane (2), including imide group material.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the
    use of the humidifier.
         USE - For humidifying combustion gas
     supplied to a solid polymer fuel cell.
         ADVANTAGE - The humidifier provides sufficient
    humidification, improving the use value of the
    humidifier.
         DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a perspective view
    of the humidifier.
```

Hollow fiber membrane 2

FS FΑ

MC

L43 AN

DNN

TI

DC

PA

CYC PΙ

ADT

IC

AΒ

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Dwg.1/9
     CPI EPI GMPI
FS
FΑ
     AB; GI
MC
     CPI: J01-E02C; L03-E04A2
     EPI: X16-C01C
L43
     ANSWER 9 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2002-467244 [50]
DNN N2002-368391
ΤI
     Fuel cell system, includes reactive gas flow
     path that by-passes a reactive gas
     humidifier to supply reactive
     gas to the fuel cell.
DC
     X16
PΑ
     (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD
CYC
PI
     JP 2002117879 A
                     20020419 (200250)*
                                                7p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2002117879 A JP 2000-306742 20001005
ADT
PRAI JP 2000-306742
                      20001005
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS H01M008-10
AB
     JP2002117879 A UPAB: 20020807
     NOVELTY - A vapor separator (15) separates the exhaust gas emitted
     by a fuel cell (11) into its gas and liquid
     components. A reactive gas flow path (22) bypasses a
     reactive gas humidifier (14) to
     supply reactive gas to the fuel
     cell. The reactive gas circulates in a hollow
     fiber membrane soaked in water inside the housing. A heating
     humidifier (16) heats the interior of the housing, including
     the hollow fiber membrane.
          USE - Fuel cell system.
          ADVANTAGE - Enables instant supply of reactive gas with high
     moisture to the fuel cell. Improves electricity
     generating efficiency. Ensures that housing interior does not
     overheat by preventing direct heating of the hollow.
     fiber membrane.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram
     of the fuel cell system.
       Fuel cell 11
            Reactive gas humidifier 14
          Vapor separator 15
          Heating humidifier 16
          Reactive gas flow path 22
     Dwg.1/4
FS
     EPI
ΓA
     AB: GI
MC
     EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09
```

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L43
     ANSWER 10 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
ΑN
     2002-403990 [43]
                        WPIX
     N2002-317088
DNN
TI
     Water permeable humidifier for fuel cell
     has cathode humidifying unit to transfer water in off gas
     through hollow fiber structures to reactive gas
     to be supplied to fuel cell.
DC
     X16
IN
     KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M
     (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK
PA
CYC
PΙ
     US 2002039674 A1 20020404 (200243)*
                                             23p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2002184440 A 20020628 (200258)
                                              15p
                                                     H01M008-04
ADT
     US 2002039674 A1 US 2001-970104 20011003; JP 2002184440 A JP
     2001-309154 20011004
PRAI JP 2000-305317
                     20001004
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS
          B01D063-02; H01M008-06; H01M008-10
     US2002039674 A UPAB: 20020709
AΒ
     NOVELTY - A hollow fiber membrane module
     circulates a reactive gas to be supplied to a fuel
     cell inside a housing and outside the hollow
     fiber structures, and circulates an off-gas through a flow
     entrance (9) into the hollow fiber structures. A
     cathode humidifying unit (5A) transfers the water in the
     off-gas through the hollow fiber structures to
     the reactive gas and humidifies the
    reactive gas.
```

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for fuel cell system.

USE - Water permeable humidifier for fuel cell.

ADVANTAGE - The cathode humidifying unit exhausts liquid which has accumulated in the off-gas flow entrance, to prevent or reduce blocking of the hollow fiber structures by water. Therefore the number of hollow fiber structures for humidification is increased, reduction in flow path area of the off gas is reduced and increase in pressure loss of off-gas is prevented.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a block diagram of the humidifier.

Cathode humidifying unit 5A Off-gas flow entrance 9 Dwg.1/17

FS EPI

FΑ AB; GI

```
MC
     EPI: X16-C01C; X16-C09; X16-C15; X16-K
     ANSWER 11 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
L43
     2001-579876 [65]
AN
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2001-431688
TΙ
     Humidification system for fuel cell of
     electric vehicle, includes detection device to detect generation of
     clogging in between tube type hollow threads
     when discharge and supply gases pass through hollow
     threads.
     W05 X16 X21
DC
     KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M
ΙN
PΑ
     (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK
CYC
     2
PΙ
     US 2001010496 A1 20010802 (200165)*
                                              14p
                                                     G08B021-00
     JP 2001216982 A 20010810 (200165)
                                              q8
                                                     H01M008-04
     US 6545609
                   B2 20030408 (200327)
                                                     G08B021-00
     US 2001010496 A1 US 2001-771723 20010129; JP 2001216982 A JP
ADT
     2000-23221 20000131; US 6545609 B2 US 2001-771723 20010129
PRAI JP 2000-23221
                      20000131
     ICM G08B021-00; H01M008-04
IC
     ICS H01M008-10
     US2001010496 A UPAB: 20011108
AΒ
     NOVELTY - The humidifier including a bundle of tube type
     hollow threads made of water permeable membrane,
     transfers the water content in a discharge gas of fuel
     cell, to a supply gas of fuel cell, when
     one of the discharge gas and supply gas is passed through interior
     and between hollow threads respectively. A
     detection device comprising manometers (P1-P4) detects clogging
     generation in or between the threads.
          USE - For fuel cell of electric vehicle.
          ADVANTAGE - Detects clogging in humidifier quickly,
     so that the affect to stack caused by the decrease in
     humidification of a supply gas due to
     clogging in the humidifier is suppressed to minimal level,
     thereby preventing the failure of fuel cell.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows block diagram for
     explaining the function of a humidification system for a
     fuel cell.
     Manometers P1-P4
     Dwq.2/13
FS
     EPI
FA
     AB: GI
MC
     EPI: W05-B01A5; W05-D03; W05-D07D; X16-C09; X16-H; X21-A01F;
          X21-A05; X21-B01A
```

ANSWER 12 OF 12 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

L43

```
AN
     2001-531412 [59]
                        WPIX
DNC
     C2001-158475
TI
     Hollow fiber gas separation membrane for gas
     separation has an asymmetric membrane composed of skin and porous
     layers and is made from a blend of two or more different polymers
     including at least one polyimide.
DC
     A26 A88 J01
ΙN
     ITO, K; KUSUKI, Y; NAKANISHI, S; YOSHINAGA, T
PA
     (UBEI) UBE IND LTD
CYC
     29
PΙ
                   A1 20010725 (200159)* EN
     EP 1118371
                                              16p
                                                    B01D053-22
         R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK
            NL PT RO SE SI TR
     JP 2001269553 A 20011002 (200172)
                                                7p
                                                     B01D069-08
     CN 1317362
                  A 20011017 (200213)
                                                     B01D053-22
     US 2002035922 A1 20020328 (200225)
                                                     B01D053-22
     JP 2002172311 A 20020618 (200255)
                                              10p
                                                     B01D053-22
     US 6464755
                   B2 20021015 (200271)
                                                     B01D053-22
ADT
     EP 1118371 A1 EP 2001-100017 20010104; JP 2001269553 A JP
     2000-125587 20000426; CN 1317362 A CN 2001-116239 20010119; US
     2002035922 A1 US 2001-766116 20010119; JP 2002172311 A JP
     2000-370031 20001205; US 6464755 B2 US 2001-766116 20010119
PRAI JP 2000-370031 20001205; JP 2000-9877 20000119; JP 2000-125587
     20000426
ΙÇ
     ICM B01D053-22; B01D069-08
          B01D053-26; B01D063-02; B01D069-00; B01D069-02; B01D069-10;
          B01D071-64; H01M008-04; H01M008-10
     F24F006-04
ICA
AB
          1118371 A UPAB: 20011012
     NOVELTY - A gas separation membrane with an asymmetric structure
     composed of a skin layer and a porous layer, a water vapor
     permeation rate (P'H2O) of 2.5 x 10-3 cm3 (STP)/cm2.sec.cmHg or
     greater and a water vapor and nitrogen permeation rate ratio
     (P'H2O/P'N2) of 50 or greater, where the helium gas permeation rate
     (P'He of the porous (support) layer of the membrane is 3.0 x 10-3
     cm3 (STP)/cm2.sec.cmHg or greater, the tensile strength as a
     hollow fiber membrane is 2.5 kgf/mm2 or greater
     and the breaking elongation is 10% or greater.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a
     method which uses the gas separation membrane for dehumidification
     and/or humidification of a fuel cell
     supply gas.
          As asymmetric hollow fibre membrane was
     made by filtering a polyimide (blend) solution was filtered with a
     400 mesh wire net and then extruded from a hollow
     fiber membrane spinning nozzle (1000 micro m circular
```

opening diameter, 200 micro m circular opening slit width, 400 micro

m core opening diameter) and the extruded hollow

fiber body was passed through a nitrogen atmosphere and then immersed in a coagulation bath comprising an aqueous ethanol with a prescribed concentration (70-80 wt, %) at a temperature of 0 deg. C to make wet fibers. The fibers were immersed for 2 hours in ethanol at a temperature of 50 deg. C to complete desolvating treatment, and after further immersion for 3 hours in ethanol in isooctane at a temperature of 70 deg. C to replace the solvent. It was dried at a prescribed temperature (200-300 deg. C). All of the resulting hollow fiber membranes had an outer diameter of approximately 470 micro m, an inner diameter of approximately 320 micro m and a membrane thickness of approximately 75 micro m.

USE - The membrane is used in (de) humidification methods, or in gas separation methods (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The gas separation membranes have very good water resistance as well as hot water resistance. The membranes give highly efficient gas separation and provide a more compact and more efficient high performance hollow fiber gas separation membrane separation module, due to an improved gas separation rate.

Dwg.0/0

TECH EP 1118371 A1 UPTX: 20011012

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - CHEMICAL ENGINEERING - Preferred membrane: The breaking elongation of the **hollow fiber** membrane after hot water treatment in 100degreesC hot water for 50 hours is at least 80% of that before the hot water treatment.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred membrane material: The membrane is composed of a blend of two or more different polymers including at least one polyimide.

FS CPI

FA AB

MC CPI: A05-J01B; A07-A03; A07-A04F; A12-E06B; A12-W11A; J01-C03; J01-E01; J01-H

PLE UPA 20011012

[1.1] 018; P1081-R F72 D01; S9999 S1207 S1070

[1.2] 018; ND01; Q9999 Q7410 Q7330; Q9999 Q8060; B9999 B5221 B4740; B9999 B4171 B4091 B3838 B3747; B9999 B3907 B3838 B3747; K9745-R; K9483-R; K9687 K9676; K9712 K9676

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 MAR 2004 <20040301/UP>
FILE COVERS APR 1973 TO NOVEMBER 28, 2003

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L45 ANSWER 1 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003-017105 JAPIO

TITLE:

COOLING DEVICE FOR FUEL CELL

INVENTOR:

USHIO TAKESHI; IMAZEKI MITSUHARU; SHIMOYAMA

YOSHIRO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
				
JP 2003017105	A	20030117	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT:

JP 2001-203938

20010704

ORIGINAL:

JP2001203938

Heisei

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-203938

20010704

SOURCE:

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2003

ΑN 2003-017105 **JAPIO**

ABPROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To aim at an improvement of

humidifying property and moisture exhausting property of a fuel cell.

SOLUTION: The cooling device for a fuel cell

comprises a fuel cell 1 generating electricity

by using hydrogen and air as reaction gases; a humidifiers

3, 7 humidifying the reaction gases to be supplied to the

fuel cell 1; a cooling liquid circuit 12, cooling

the fuel cell 1 by making cooling liquid circulate between the fuel cell 1 and a

radiation device 11 by a water pump 15, and radiating the heat of the cooling liquid to outside by a radiator 11; a heating means (3d,

7d), heating the humidifiers 3, 7 by the cooling

liquid exhausted from the fuel

cell 1; and a controlling means controlling the water pump 15 so as to keep a prescribed temperature difference between the temperature at the outlet and at the inlet of the cooling liquid of the fuel cell 1.

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IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS H01M008-02; H01M008-10

L45 ANSWER 2 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003-017101 JAPIO

TITLE:

HUMIDIFYING SYSTEM FOR FUEL

INVENTOR:

KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU; SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE ERA MAIN IPC ______ JP 2003017101 A 20030117 Heisei H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: ORIGINAL: JP 2001-204286 20010705 ORIGINAL: JP2001204286 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-204286 20010705

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2003

AN 2003-017101 JAPIO

large.

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifying system for AΒ a fuel cell enabled to properly balance a humidification level between fuel gas and oxidation gas supplied to the fuel cell even when the output of the fuel cell becomes

SOLUTION: The humidifying system for the fuel cell comprises a fuel cell 1 in which,

electricity is generated by supplying fuel gas to an anode electrode la and oxidation gas to a cathode electrode 1c respectively, and by making the gases react with each other; a first

humidifier making the moisture in cathode-off gas exhausted from the first humidifier move into the fuel gas through a hollow fiber membrane; a second humidifier

making the moisture in cathode-off gas passed through the first

humidifier move into the oxidation gas through a

hollow fiber membrane; a reduced pressure generating device arranged between the first humidifier

and the fuel cell, making the anode-off gas

exhausted from the anode electrode 1a flow together with the fuel gas by using a negative pressure generated by the flow of the fuel gas.

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IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10

ANSWER 3 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-292233 JAPIO

TITLE:

HUMIDIFYING MODULE

INVENTOR:

SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO; KUSANO YOSHIO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 2002292233	A	20021008	Heisei	B01D053-22

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2001-101415 20010330 ORIGINAL: JP2001101415 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-101415 20010330

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2002

2002-292233 ΑN **JAPIO**

AΒ PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifying module which generates no pool at its bottom part even when a fluid in which steam and condensed water coexist is made to flow in an inner passage and which has excellent output respondency and excellent starting property of a fuel cell even when applied to humidification of supply gas

supplied to the fuel cell in a

humidifying module which accommodates hollow

fiber membrane bundles of water transmissive type inside and is provided with the inner passage with a bottom at its nearly central part.

SOLUTION: The humidifying module 1 is provided with the hollow fiber membrane bundle 1b through which water can be exchanged between fluids respectively flowing inside and outside the membrane and the inper passage (a pipe 2) with the bottom which has an entrance part 2a and an exit part 2b through which the fluid can go in and out and extends in a longitudinal direction with length shorter than that of the hollow fiber membrane bundle at nearly central part in a thickness direction of the hollow fiber membrane bundle 1b. Further a projected part 2c is provided in a direction against

the fluid flow at a bottom bs provided near the exit part 2b of the inner passage (the pipe 2).

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IC ICM B01D053-22

> ICS B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04

ICA H01M008-04; H01M008-06; H01M008-10

L45 ANSWER 4 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-075422 JAPIO TITLE: HUMIDIFIER FOR FUEL

INVENTOR: SUZUKI MIKIHIRO; KUSANO YOSHIO; SHIMANUKI

HIROSHI; TONEGAWA SEIJI

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 2002075422	A	20020315	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2000-265692 20000901 ORIGINAL: JP2000265692 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-265692 20000901

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2002

AN 2002-075422 JAPIO

AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifier for a

fuel cell sufficiently humidifying a
supply gas, with a good humidifying

efficiency, enabled to sufficiently collect moisture in an exhaust gas.

SOLUTION: The humidifier has a hollow

thread membrane module 21 making the moisture contained in an exhaust air Ae exhausted from the fuel cell 1 permeate into the side of a supply air A to be supplied to the fuel cell 1, and the flowing volume of the exhaust air Ae flowing inside the hollow thread membrane module 21 is made so as to become bigger than the volume of the

supply air A. Further, the humidifier has two

hollow thread membranes 21a, 21b which are

arranged serially with each other at the exhaust air Ae side, and in parallel with each other at the supply air A side.

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IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-06

L45 ANSWER 5 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-075419 JAPIO

TITLE: HUMIDIFYING DEVICE FOR FUEL

CELL.

INVENTOR: KUSANO YOSHIO; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU; SHIMANUKI

HIROSHI; SUZUKI MIKIHIRO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE ERA MAIN IPC

JP 2002075419 A 20020315 Heisei H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2000-264704 20000831 ORIGINAL: JP2000264704 Heisei

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-264704 20000831

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2002

AN 2002-075419 JAPIO

AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifying device for a fuel cell with a combining structure securing insulation distance.

SOLUTION: With the humidifying device for the fuel cell provided with an inlet end and an outlet end for exhaust gas discharged from the fuel cell and with a plurality of humidifying units for furnishing gas supplied to the fuel cell

with moisture contained in the exhaust gas for **humidifying** , a first plate (an outside plate 3a) equipped over each inlet end of the above plurality of **humidifying** units (hollow fiber membrane modules 2) and a second

plate (an outside plate 4a) equipped over each outlet end of the plurality of **humidifying** units are combined by a member 6 with insulation performance.

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IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10

L45 ANSWER 6 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-216981 JAPIO

TITLE: HUMIDIFYING DEVICE FOR FUEL

CELL

INVENTOR: SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; KUSANO YOSHIO; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE ERA MAIN IPC

JP 2001216981 A 20010810 Heisei H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2000-23220 20000131 ORIGINAL: JP2000023220 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-23220 20000131

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2001

AN 2001-216981 JAPIO

AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To maintain efficiency of a stack in a good condition while preventing decrease of the amount of moisture collected from an offgas passing through the stack.

SOLUTION: A humidifying device 21 is provided for humidifying a supply gas

supplied to the stack 3 while delivering moisture in offgas
from the stack 3. The humidifying device 21 has a
humidifier having plurality a of tubular
hollow strings formed with moisture permeable films,
provided in a cylindrical casing. A cooling water pipe 22 connected
to the stack 3 is guided into a space along the outer periphery of
the humidifier of the humidifying device 21, via

which a cooling water heated by cooling the stack 3 is fed into a heated space portion. With the flow of the cooling water along the outer periphery of the humidifier, the humidifier

is heated by the cooling water, while preventing the temperature drop of the offgas passing through the inside and preventing the decrease of a water collection amount due to the condensation of steam in the off-gas.

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IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS B60K001-04; H01M008-10

L45 ANSWER 7 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997-027334 JAPIO

TITLE:

SOLID POLYMER ELECTROLYTE FILM FUEL

CELL AND MANUFACTURE THEREOF

INVENTOR:

OKAMOTO TAKAFUMI; KATO HIDEO; KAWAGOE TAKAMASA;

YAMAMOTO AKIO; TANAKA ICHIRO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 09027334	Α	19970128	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 1995-173814 19950710 ORIGINAL: JP07173814 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1995-173814 19950710

SOURCE:

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 1997

AN 1997-027334 JAPIO

AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To keep a solid polymer electrolyte film wet and make re-starting quick by arranging an inlet and outlet for supplying and exhausting a humidifying

fluid for the solid polymer electrolyte film in a fuel gas path or an oxidizing gas path, and connecting the inlet and outlet to a humidifying fluid supply source.

SOLUTION: When water is filled in each gas supply path of an anode plate 26 and a cathode plate 24 and that is detected with a detecting means, the energized state of a pump is stopped and stopped state is kept. A solid polymer electrolyte film 22

interposed between a first manifold plate 42 and a second manifold plate 50 keeps wet state together with the cathode plate 24 and the anode plate 26. When water is filled, a third opening/closing valve, a sixth opening/closing valve, a seventh opening/closing valve, and a ninth opening/ closing valve are closed. A fear that an operating gas remaining within a fuel cell cross leaks the electrolyte film and causes catalytic combustion is completely eliminated.

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IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-02

L45 ANSWER 8 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996-273687 JAPIO

SUPPLY GAS

TITLE:

HUMIDIFIER OF FUEL

CELL

INVENTOR:

FUJIKAWA FUTOSHI; HASEGAWA YASUAKI; WATANABE

SHOGO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

MAZDA MOTOR CORP

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
	_			
JP 082 7 3687	Α	19961018	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT:

JP 1995-73864

19950330

ORIGINAL:

JP07073864

Heisei

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1995-73864 19950330

SOURCE:

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 1996

1996-273687 JAPIO ΑN

PURPOSE: To provide a compact humidifier having high AB humidifying efficiency.

CONSTITUTION: An inside space of a jacket 12 sandwiched by a pair of partition plates 13 and 14 constitutes a water chamber 18, and an ... inlet 19 and an outlet 20 of water are formed in positions in close vicinity to the respective partition plates 13 and 14, and cooling water piping is connected, and fuel gas is introduced to an inside space of respective hollow thread films from the side of one partition plate 13 of a hollow thread film bundle 11 supported with a pair of partition plates 13 and 14 of the jacket 12. It flows toward the side of the other partition plate 14, and is guided to the other gas chamber 17, and on the other hand, cooling water is introduced to the inside space 18 of the jacket 12 from the inlet '19 arranged on the side of the partition plate 14 on the gas outlet side, and flows in the opposite

direction of the gas flowing direction while indirectly contacting with gas flowing inside of it from outside of the hollow thread films 1, and is discharged from the side of the partition plate 13 on the gas inlet side. The fuel gas is introduced so as to flow in the opposite direction of the cooling water in a humidifier 7, and is humidified by contacting with the cooling water through the hollow thread films.

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IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10

L45 ANSWER 9 OF 9 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995-245116 JAPIO

TITLE: FUEL CELL

INVENTOR: ISHIMARU YOICHI; MIZUNO SEIJI

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): TOYOTA MOTOR CORP

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 07245116	Α	19950919	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 1994-64518 19940307 ORIGINAL: JP06064518 Heisei

JP 1994-64518 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19940307

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined SOURCE:

Applications, Vol. 1995

AN 1995-245116 JAPIO

AΒ PURPOSE: To make a device compact by providing a humidifier in a stack.

CONSTITUTION: Hollow thread films 69

constituting oxygen gas supply piping 35 or hydrogen gas supply piping 45 are arranged in a cooling plate 51 arranged in a stack. In the hollow thread films 69, a film showing

permeability to water is formed in a hollow thread

shape, and the material is formed by bonding a support film to support a resin film to this porous resin film having a property of which water transmission speed is larger than gas transmission speed. In this constitution, humidification to oxygen

gas and hydrogen gas supplied to

respective cells can be performed in the stack by using an existing cooling water passage.

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IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10

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L46 ANSWER 1 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003-178781 JAPTO

TITLE:

HUMIDIFIER FOR FUEL

INVENTOR:

KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU; SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO; KUSANO YOSHIO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 2003178781	A	20030627	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2002-232089 20000119 ORIGINAL: JP2002232089 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-232089 20000119 ORIGINAL: Heisei

SOURCE:

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2003

AN 2003-178781 JAPIO

AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifier for a fuel cell equipped with a heating means by which the possessed heat of the cooling water of the fuel cell can be used effectively for heating of a hollow yarn membrane so that the moisture in the hollow fiber film may not freeze in a cold district and the like. SOLUTION: The humidifier 2 for fuel

cells is constituted by accommodating a large number of water permeating hollow yarn membranes allotted along the length direction of a housing 31 in the above housing 31, and by performing moisture exchange between the above gases by making the gases, of which the moisture contents differ on the inside and outside of the hollow yarn films, respectively, pass through, to humidify the dry gas of lower moisture content. It has a heating means, which can supply quantity of heat to the hollow yarn membrane bunch 36 which has been bundled the hollow yarn membranes, and the cooling water (warm water) after cooling the fuel cell

body is used as a source of heating the heating means.

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IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-08; H01M008-10

L46 ANSWER 2 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-031245 JAPIO

TITLE:

HUMIDIFYING SYSTEM FOR FUEL

CELL

INVENTOR: KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU; SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE ERA MAIN IPC JP 2003031245 A 20030131 Heisei H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2001-213806 2001073 ORIGINAL: JP2001213806 Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-213806 20010713 20010713

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2003

ΑN 2003-031245 JAPIO

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifying system for AB a fuel cell capable of maintaining and adjusting balance between a humidifying amount of fuel gas fed to the fuel cell and a humidifying amount of oxidizer gas fed to the fuel cell even when an output of the fuel cell becomes large. SOLUTION: The humidifying system for the fuel cell is provided with a fuel cell 1 generating electricity by respectively feeding a fuel gas to an anode la and an oxidizer gas to a cathode lc and causing a chemical reaction in the interior, a first humidifier (humidifier 2 for the fuel gas) for moving moisture to the

fuel gas from cathode offgas discharged from the cathode 1c of the

fuel cell 1 via a hollow fiber

membrane, and a second humidifier (humidifier 3

for air) for moving moisture to the oxidizer gas from the cathode offgas having passed the first humidifier (

humidifier 2 for the fuel gas) via a hollow

fiber membrane. A bypass passage 7 bypassing the first

humidifier (humidifier 2 for the fuel gas) is provided on a passage for the cathode offgas.

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ICM H01M008-04 IC

ICS H01M008-10

L46 ANSWER 3 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-289228 JAPIO
TITLE: HUMIDIFIER AND ITS USE
INVENTOR: SAITO MASAHARU; NAKAYAMA TOSHIHIRO

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): NOK CORP

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC	
	JP 2002289228	A	20021004	Heisei	H01M008-04	
	ICATION INFORMAT STN FORMAT: ORIGINAL: PRITY APPLN. INFO	JP JP	2001083325 2001-83325 TENT ABSTRAC	20 TS OF JA	Heisei 010322 PAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined	
	SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined Applications, Vol. 2002 AN 2002-289228 JAPIO AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifier suitably used for feeding to a solid polymer fuel cell and excellent in quality. SOLUTION: An imide material is used as a material for a hollow fiber membrane 2. The fiber membrane 2 is immersed into polyalcohol. After manufacturing the fiber membrane 2, heating history is imparted to the fiber membrane 2 before a potting					
IC ICA	part is formed. COPYRIGHT: (C)2002, JPO IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D071-64; H01M008-06; H01M008-10 ICA F24F006-04					
	ANSWER 4 OF 8 SSION NUMBER: E:	20	02-075423 midifier for	JAPIO		
PATE	NTOR: NT ASSIGNEE(S): NT INFORMATION:	TO: TO:		TA HIDEO	UKI HIROSHI; TSUCHIYA	
	PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC	
	JP 2002075423	A	20020315	Heisei	H01M008-04	
PRIO SOUR	ICATION INFORMAT STN FORMAT: ORIGINAL: RITY APPLN. INFO CE:	JP JP: JP PA' App	2000-265925 2000265925 2000-265925 TENT ABSTRAC plications,	20 TS OF JA	Heisei 000901 PAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined	

ΑN

AB

2002-075423 JAPIO

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifier for a

fuel cell enabled to heighten a
humidifying efficiency by making a water permeating

humidifier efficiently function, and heighten a collecting efficiency of the moisture contained in an exhaust gas.

SOLUTION: The humidifier 2 for the fuel

cell comprises hollow thread membrane

modules 21a, 21b connected serially with each other, making moisture contained in an exhaust air Ae of the fuel cell

1 permeate into the side of a supply air A supplied to the

fuel cell 1, and a heat exchanger 22 located

between the modules and heating the supply air A. The

humidifier for the fuel cell comprises

hollow thread membrane modules connected serially

with each other, making moisture contained in an exhaust air of the fuel cell permeate into the side of a supply air

supplied to the fuel cell, and a heat exchanger

located between the modules and heating the supply air.

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ICM H01M008-04 IC

ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-06

L46 ANSWER 5 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002-075421 **JAPIO**

TITLE:

HUMIDIFIER FOR FUEL

CELL

INVENTOR:

NUMATA HIDEO; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU; TSUCHIYA

TOMOHIRO; TONEGAWA SEIJI

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 2002075421	Δ	20020315	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT:

JP 2000-264851 20000901 JP2000264851 Heisei

ORIGINAL: PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-264851

20000901

SOURCE:

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2002

AN 2002-075421 JAPIO

AΒ PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifier for a fuel cell enabled to suitably use from the start of the fuel cell operation without separately installing a staring humidifier. SOLUTION: A plurality of hollow thread membranes are housed in the housing 31 of a hollow thread membrane module 21 of the humidifier. A supply air A is made flow inside a housing and outside the hollow thread membrane. A cooling water W is made flow at a part of

the hollow thread membranes, and an exhaust air Ae exhausted from the fuel cell is made flow at another part of the hollow thread membranes. The supply air A is humidified due to the movement of the moisture contained in the exhaust air Ae into the supply air A. At the time that the moisture contained in the exhaust air Ae is not enough, like the starting time of the fuel cell, the supply air A is humidified by the cooling water W flowing at a part of the hollow thread membranes.

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IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04

ANSWER 6 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN L46 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-216982 JAPIO

TITLE: HUMIDIFYING SYSTEM FOR FUEL

INVENTOR: SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; KUSANO YOSHIO; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 2001216982	7 A	20010810	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

JP 2000-23221 STN FORMAT: 20000131 JP2000023221 ORIGINAL: Heisei PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-23221 20000131

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2001

2001-216982 AN JAPIO

AΒ PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To minimize the influence of short humidification on a stack by quickly detecting clogging in hollow strings constituting a humidifier. SOLUTION: A humidifying device has the humidifier having a plurality of tubular hollow strings formed with water-permeable films for allowing offgas fed out of the stack to pass through the hollow strings and a supply gas fed into the stack to pass between the hollow strings to deliver water in the offgas to the supply gas. Pressure gauges P1, P2, P3, P4 are provided at the upstream and downstream sides of the humidifying device for detecting the pressures of the supply gas and the offgas. Judging means 22 is provided for finding

differential pressures of the supply gas and the offgas between the upstream and downstream sides via the humidifying device

in accordance with detection signals from the pressure gauges P1, P2, P3, P4 and detecting clogging in the hollow strings and between the hollow strings of the **humidifier** of the

humidifying device from the differential pressures.

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IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10

L46 ANSWER 7 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-202978 JAPIO

TITLE: HUMIDIFIER

INVENTOR: SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; KUSANO YOSHIO; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
JP 2001202978	Α	20010727	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT: JP 2000-10972 20000119
ORIGINAL: JP2000010972 Heisei
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-10972 20000119

SOURCE: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2001

AN 2001-202978 JAPIO

AB PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To improve water recovery rate, by enabling adequate moisture exchange, even at the end of a bulk hollow fiber membrane which is housed in a housing.

SOLUTION: In a humidifier for a fuel cell, a bulk hollow fiber membrane 21b, which is made by tying the water permeable hollow.

which is made by tying the water permeable hollow fiber membranes arranged along a longitudinal direction of a housing 21a in a bundle, is housed inside the housing 21a. Off-gas is fed inside the hollow fiber membrane, dry air is fed outside the follow fiber membrane to exchange moisture, and the dry air is humidified. At the center of the housing 21a, a by-pas pipe 21e for dry air is arranged, and the dry air flows in from the inlets 21fa, which are provided on the by-pass pipe 21e to feed inside the by-pass pipe 21e. The dry gas fed inside the by-pass pipe 21e is vented from the outlets 21fb.

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IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS B01D053-22; F24F006-06; H01M008-10

L46 ANSWER 8 OF 8 JAPIO (C) 2004 JPO on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-202977 JAPIO

TITLE:

HUMIDIFIER

INVENTOR:

KUSANO YOSHIO; SHIMANUKI HIROSHI; SUZUKI

MIKIHIRO; KATAGIRI TOSHIKATSU

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE	ERA	MAIN IPC
				
JP 2001202977	A	20010727	Heisei	H01M008-04

APPLICATION INFORMATION

STN FORMAT:

JP 2000-10971

20000119

ORIGINAL:

JP2000010971

Heisei

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-10971 20000119

SOURCE:

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined

Applications, Vol. 2001

AN 2001-202977

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a humidifier, in which AB water permeability from a damp gas side to a dry gas side can be increased, and which can be used satisfactorily for humidifying a fuel cell.

SOLUTION: In the humidifier, a large number of water permeable hollow fiber membranes arranged along a longitudinal direction of a housing, are housed in a housing, a moisture exchange between gases is performed by feeding the gases having different moisture contents inside and outside of the hollow fiber membrane, respectively, and dry gas having low moisture content is humidified. On the inner hollow fiber membrane, a structure for generating. turbulence is provided. ON the inner wall of the hollow fiber membrane, the projections are provided. At a gas inlet to the inside the hollow fiber membrane, a twisting fin is provided. At the gas inlet to the inside the hollow fiber membrane, a step is provided. COPYRIGHT: (C) 2001, JPO

ICM H01M008-04 IC

ICS B01D063-02; F24F006-06; H01M008-10

JAPIO

=> file hca

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=> d 142 1-15 cbib abs hitind

- ANSWER 1 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 139:182070 Hollow-fiber membrane modules and

hollow-fiber membrane unit using same. Inamura,

Tamio (NOK Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003236346 A2 20030826, 8 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2002-40257 20020218.

- AΒ In title app. including hollow-fiber membrane modules having plural hollow-fiber membranes in casings, and headers arranged at both ends of the hollowfiber membrane modules, resp., fastening components having flange-like sections and bolts, etc., are arranged on the headers and at the external circumferences for the casings for fixing both end portions of the hollow-fiber membrane modules in the headers, resp. The app. can be used for humidification of partition walls (i.e., ion-exchange membranes) of fuel cells, etc.
- IC ICM B01D063-02

ICS H01M008-04; H01M008-06

- 47-2 (Apparatus and Plant Equipment) CC Section cross-reference(s): 52
- ST hollow fiber membrane unit; module hollow fiber membrane; fuel cell ion exchange membrane humidification hollow fiber membrane; partition wall fuel cell humidification hollow fiber membrane unit
- ITSeals (parts)

(flanged; hollow-fiber membrane modules and hollow-fiber membrane unit using same)

ΙT Membranes, nonbiological

(hollow-fiber; hollow-fiber membrane modules and hollow-fiber membrane

unit using same)

TΤ Ion exchange membranes

(humidification of; hollow-fiber membrane modules and hollow-fiber membrane unit using same for)

ΙT Fuel cells

> (ion-exchange membranes of, humidification of; hollow-fiber membrane modules and hollow-fiber membrane unit using same for)

- L42 ANSWER 2 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 139:8515 Hollow-fiber membrane modules. Kuroki,

Yuichi; Nakayama, Tomoihiro; Namikata, Kazuhiko (NOK Corp., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003164735 A2 20030610, 6 pp. (Japanese).

CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-364517 20011129.

The title modules are composed of a cylindrical case, hollow AΒ

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-fiber membranes, potting parts for end fixing of the
     membranes, and fixers(e.g., pins) for the potting parts in the case.
     They are used for, e.g., humidification of gases for
     fuel cells.
     ICM B01D063-02
     ICS B01D063-00; H01M008-04; H01M008-10
     47-2 (Apparatus and Plant Equipment)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52
     membrane hollow fiber module
     Membranes, nonbiological
        (hollow-fiber, modules; hollow-
        fiber membrane modules)
     ANSWER 3 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
138:388219 Hollow fiber membrane
     humidification apparatus. Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Suzuki,
     Mikihiro; Katano, Takeshi (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan).
    Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003157872 A2 20030530, 6 pp. (Japanese).
     CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-356612 20011121.
     The invention relates to structure of the app. for prevention of
     noise generated due to vibration of hollow fiber
     membranes. The app. is for humidification of electrolytes
     in fuel cells. The app. is quiet.
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; H01M008-10
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 47
    noiseless hollow fiber membrane
     humidification app; fuel cell
     electrolyte humidification app noiseless
     Humidity
        (controller; noiseless hollow fiber membrane
        humidification app. for use in fuel
        cells)
    Membranes, nonbiological
        (hollow-fiber; noiseless hollow
        fiber membrane humidification app. for use in
        fuel cells)
    Fuel cell electrolytes
        (noiseless hollow fiber membrane
        humidification app. for use in fuel
        cells)
    ANSWER 4 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
138:223403 Gas humidifier with hollow-fiber
    membranes and gas humidification system using same..
    Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Suzuki, Mikihiro (Honda Motor Co., Ltd.,
```

Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2003065566 A2 20030305, 11 pp.

```
(Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-254762 20010824.
     In gas humidifier including hollow-fiber
AB
     membranes, a casing for accommodating bundled hollow-
     fiber membranes, and gases having different moisture content
     supplied to the inner and outer sides of the hollow-
     fiber membranes, resp., for exchanging moisture between
     them, the following means are provided: a jacket having secondary
     side gas inlet and outlet for surrounding the casing, a seal
     arranged between the casing and the jacket for hindering gas flowing
     from the secondary side gas inlet to the secondary side gas outlet,
     and retention sections surrounded by the casing, the jacket and the
            Gas humidification system including plural gas
     humidifiers is described. The gas humidifier and
     gas humidification system can be used in fuel
     cell system for humidification of air and H gas by
     moisture-contg. unreacted air (air off-gas).
IC
     ICM F24F006-04
     ICS B01D063-02; H01M008-04; H01M008-10
CC
     47-5 (Apparatus and Plant Equipment)
     Section cross-reference(s): 52
     gas humidifier system hollow fiber
ST
     membrane; fuel cell air hydrogen
     humidification gas humidifier system
ΙT
     Membranes, nonbiological
        (hollow-fiber; gas humidifier with
        hollow-fiber membranes and gas
        humidification system using same)
ΙT
     Fuel cells
        (humidification of air and hydrogen for; as
        humidifier with hollow-fiber
        membranes and gas humidification system using same for)
ΙT
     Air
        (humidification of, for fuel cells;
        gas humidifier with hollow-fiber
        membranes and gas humidification system using same)
ΙT
     Gases
        (humidification of; gas humidifier with
        hollow-fiber membranes and gas
        humidification system using same)
ΙT
     1333-74-0, Hydrogen, processes
        (humidification of, for fuel cells;
        gas humidifier with hollow-fiber
        membranes and gas humidification system using same)
    ANSWER 5 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L42
138:156210 Humidifier for working medium gas of fuel
     cell system. Li, Xiangyi (Peop. Rep. China). Faming
```

Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu CN 1323073 A 20011121, 7 pp.

(Chinese). CODEN: CNXXEV. APPLICATION: CN 2001-114150 20010629.

The humidifier consists of a bundle of hollow
fibers, a shell, gas inlet and outlet, water inlet and
outlet, and seals. The hollow fibers are
manufd. from super filtering films or anti-osmosis films of
synthetic or natural high polymers or inorg. materials; the seals
are binders of thermosetting high polymers, thermoplastic high
polymers, or inorg. materials such as cement; and the shell is made
from stainless steel, metals, industrial plastics, or ceramics.

IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-02

- CC 52-1 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell working gas humidifying app
- IT Cement

Ceramics

Fuel cells

(humidifier for working medium gas of fuel cell system)

IT Plastics, uses

(humidifier for working medium gas of fuel
cell system)

IT Air conditioners

(humidifiers; humidifier for working medium gas of fuel cell system)

L42 ANSWER 6 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
138:58180 Hollow-fiber membrane module.. Katagiri,
Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Mikihiro (Honda Motor Co.,
Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002370017 A2 20021224, 16
pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-178450
20010613.

AB In title app. including a hollow-fiber membrane bundle formed from plural hollow-fiber membranes accommodated in a casing, and fluids contg. different moisture contents flowing at inner and outer sides of the hollow-fiber membranes for exchanging moisture, a flow path wall having plural holes is formed at the outer side of the hollow-fiber membranes, and the opening ratio of the plural holes are changed according to their distances from the inlets and/or outlets of the fluid flowing at the outer side of the hollow-fiber membranes, resp. The above stated inlets are formed at one end portion of the casing, and the outlets are formed at the other end portion of the casing. A part of the flow path wall is contacted with the inlets and/or outlets. The app. can be utilized as the humidifier for supplying air

to fuel cells of elec. automobile.

IC ICM B01D063-02
ICS H01M008-04; H01M008-10

CC 48-1 (Unit Operations and Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 52

ST hollow fiber membrane module; fuel
cell air supply humidifier hollow
fiber membrane module

IT Water vapor
(adding of, of air; hollow-fiber membrane
module utilized as humidifier for supplying

module utilized as humidifier for supplying air to fuel cells of elec. automobile)

IT Electric vehicles

(automobiles, fuel cells of; hollow -fiber membrane module utilized as humidifier for supplying air to fuel cells of elec. automobile)

IT Automobiles

(elec., fuel cells of; hollowfiber membrane module utilized as humidifier for supplying air to fuel cells of elec. automobile)

IT Membranes, nonbiological

(hollow-fiber; hollow-fiber membrane module utilized as humidifier for supplying air to fuel cells of elec. automobile)

IT Air

(humidifier for; hollow-fiber membrane module utilized as humidifier for supplying air to fuel cells of elec. automobile)

IT Fuel cells

(of elec. automobile; hollow-fiber membrane module utilized as humidifier for supplying air to fuel cells of elec. automobile)

- L42 ANSWER 7 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 138:42098 Humidifying system for a fuel cell
- . Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Motohiro (Honda Giken Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 2003008189 Al 20030109, 13 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2002-190072 20020703. PRIORITY: JP 2001-204286 20010705.
- AB A humidifying system for a fuel cell includes: a fuel cell having an anode and a cathode, the anode being supplied with a fuel gas and the cathode being supplied with an oxidant gas so that the fuel gas and the oxidant gas chem. react within the fuel cell to generate electricity; a first humidifier transferring

moisture of cathode exhaust gas discharged from the cathode of the fuel cell to the fuel gas through hollow fiber membranes; a second humidifier transferring moisture of cathode exhaust gas discharged from the first humidifier to the oxidant gas through hollow fiber membranes; and a reduced pressure generating device arranged downstream of the first humidifier and between the first humidifier and the fuel cell to mix part of anode exhaust gas discharged from the anode of the fuel cell with the fuel gas using neg. pressure resulting from a flow of the fuel gas. ICM H01M008-04 NCL429026000; 429013000; 429025000 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 47 fuel cell humidifying system Membranes, nonbiological (hollow-fiber; humidifying system for fuel cell) Ejectors Exhaust gases (engine) Fuel gases Solid state fuel cells (humidifying system for fuel cell) 7732-18-5, Water, uses (humidification by; humidifying system for fuel cell) ANSWER 8 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 138:26902 Hollow fiber membrane module for fuel cells. Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Mikihiro (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002358988 A2 20021213, 10 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-167343 20010601. The membrane has a bundle of hollow fibers in a housing, for passing fluids of different water content inside and outside the membrane, resp., and means on the inside wall of the container causing the outside fluid to flow in a swirl form, with respect to the axis of the fibers along the length direction of the fibers. The module is useful as humidifier for an automobile fuel cell. ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-04; B01D063-02; H01M008-10; H01M008-00 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) automobile fuel cell humidifier hollow fiber membrane module Membranes, nonbiological

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(hollow-fiber; structure of hollow
fiber membrane modules for fuel cell
humidifiers for automobiles)

IT Fuel cells

Humidity

(structure of hollow fiber membrane modules for fuel cell humidifiers for automobiles)

- L42 ANSWER 9 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 137:297393 Humidifier module. Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Suzuki, Mikihiro; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002298883 A2 20021011, 8 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-99477 20010330.
- AB The module has a hollow fiber membrane, for humidity exchange between 2 countercurrent flows flowing inside and outside the fibers, resp., surrounding an inner pipe passing the hotter flow, an inlet for the hotter flow at 1 end of the inner pipe and an outlet for the hotter flow to the outside of the fibers at the opposite end, inlet and outlet for the 2nd flow at the opposite ends of the hollow fiber membrane, and outlet for the hotter flow at 1 end of the hollow fiber membrane. The module is useful for humidifying fuel gas for polymer electrolyte fuel cells.
- IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS F24F006-00; H01M008-10

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST polymer electrolyte fuel cell hollow fiber membrane humidifier
- IT Fuel cells

Humidity

(structure of hollow fiber membrane humidifiers for polymer electrolyte fuel cells)

- L42 ANSWER 10 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 137:297392 Humidifier module. Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Kusano, Yoshio; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Mikihiro (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002298882 A2 20021011, 11 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2001-99476 20010330.
- AB Humidifier module for a 1st hollow fiber
 bundle, for water exchange between 2 fluids flowing over the inside
 and outside of the fibers; a 2nd hollow
 fiber bundle surrounding the 1st bundle and parallel to the
 1st bundle; an inlet at 1 end near the axis of the 1st bundle and an
 outlet at the opposite end of the 2nd bundle for passing a 1st fluid
 flowing outside the fibers; and sep. inlets and outlets on the 1st
 and 2nd bundles for passing a 2nd fluid, having a humidity different

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from the 1st fluid, passing the inside of the fibers in a direction opposite to the 1st fluid. The module is useful for polymer electrolyte fuel cells. ICM H01M008-04 ICS F24F006-00; H01M008-10 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) polymer electrolyte fuel cell hollow fiber humidifier Fuel cells Humidity (structure of hollow fiber humidifiers for polymer electrolyte fuel cells) ANSWER 11 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 136:234708 Apparatus for moisturization of fuel cell gases by treatment of fuel cell waste gases. Tonegawa, Seiji; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Tsuchiya, Tomohiro; Numata, Hideo (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2002075423 A2 20020315, 11 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-265925 20000901. The app. works by permeation of the water in fuel cell waste gas through into the fuel gas. The water permeation-type moisturizers, e.g. hollow fiber membrane modules, are placed in series and are equipped with a means for heating of the fuel gas or the waste gas in between the moisturizers. Recovery rate of water from waste gas is improved. ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-04; B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-06 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) water recovery fuel cell waste gas; moisturizer fuel cell gas heater Membranes, nonbiological (hollow-fiber; water permeation-type moisturizers for humidification of fuel cell gases by treatment of fuel cell waste gases) Heating (of gases; water permeation-type moisturizers for humidification of fuel cell gases by treatment of **fuel cell** waste gases) Fuel cells Waste gases (water permeation-type moisturizers for humidification

of fuel cell gases by treatment of

fuel cell waste gases)

```
ANSWER 12 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
136:234707 Apparatus for moisturization of fuel cell
     gases by treatment of fuel cell waste gases.
     Suzuki, Mikihiro; Kusano, Yoshio; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Tonegawa,
     Seiji (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP
     2002075422 A2 20020315, 9 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF.
     APPLICATION: JP 2000-265692 20000901.
AΒ
     The app. works by permeation of the water in the fuel
     cell waste gas into the fuel gas, e.g. through a
     water-permeating hollow-fiber membrane, under
     control of the gas amt. in the waste gas side to be larger than that
     in the fuel gas side. Further specified app. are also claimed.
     Recovery rate of water from waste gas is improved.
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS H01M008-04; B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04;
          H01M008-06
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
CC
ST
     water recovery fuel cell waste gas; moisturizer
     fuel cell gas hollow fiber
     membrane; humidifier fuel cell gas
     water permeable membrane
IT
     Membranes, nonbiological
        (hollow-fiber; moisturization of fuel
        cell gases by treatment of fuel cell
        waste gas via water-permeable membranes under controlling gas
        flow amts.)
ΙT
     Fuel cells
     Waste gases
        (moisturization of fuel cell gases by
        treatment of fuel cell waste gas via
        water-permeable membranes under controlling gas flow amts.)
    ANSWER 13 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
135:125062 Humidifying systems for fuel
             Kusano, Yoshio; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki,
     Mikihiro; Katagiri, Toshikatsu (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn.
     Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2001216983 A2 20010810, 10 pp. (Japanese).
     CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-23222 20000131.
AΒ
     The systems have a humidifying means, supplying moisture
     from fuel cell off gases to reaction gases
     supplied to the cells, attached to the cells; where the systems have
     hollow fiber bundles in a container with the off
     (reaction) gas passing inside the fibers, and the reaction (off) gas
     passing outside the fibers in the container.
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS B60K001-04; H01M008-10
CC
     52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
ST
     fuel cell hollow fiber
```

humidifying system

IT Fibers

(hollow; structure of hollow fiber humidifying systems for fuel cells)

IT Fuel cells

Humidity

(structure of hollow fiber humidifying systems for fuel cells)

L42 ANSWER 14 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

135:125051 Fuel cell humidifying system.

Suzuki, Motohiro; Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Giken Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan). U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 20010010872 A1 20010802, 11 pp. (English). CODEN: USXXCO. APPLICATION: US 2001-774374 20010130. PRIORITY: JP 2000-23226 20000131.

- The fuel cell humidifying system is to prevent freezing and clogging of a water permeable type humidifier by providing a gas passage switching device for changing the gas flow paths communicating with the humidifier. To direct the flow of dry air exiting from the supercharger to the exhaust passage in the humidifier, the gas passage switching device includes a first three-way valve, a second three-way valve, a flow adjusting valve and a sweep piping. In this system, water vapor in the humidifier which causes freezing can be swept off by flowing dry air through the exhaust gas passage in the humidifier, and therefore, clogging caused by ice particles which plug up the pores of the hollow thread membrane in the humidifier can be prevented.
- IC ICM H01M008-02 ICS H01M008-10

NCL 429012000

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)
- ST fuel cell humidifying system; freezing clogging prevention fuel cell humidifying system

IT Fuel cells

(fuel cell humidifying system)

- L42 ANSWER 15 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 135:124995 Humidifier for fuel cells.

Katagiri, Toshikatsu; Shimanuki, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Mikihiro; Kusano, Yoshio (Honda Motor Co., Ltd., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 2001202979 A2 20010727, 11 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP 2000-10975 20000119.

AB In title app. including a membrane bundle having plural water-permeable hollow-fiber membranes arranged

in a casing along its longitudinal direction, flowing gases having different moisture contents at the inner and outer sides of the membranes for humidification of the dry gas having less moisture content by exchanging moisture between them, a heat-generating means (e.g., heater) is provided for supplying heat to the hollow-fiber membranes of the membrane bundle. The app. is suitable for fuel cells, e.g., solid polymer electrolyte fuel cells, even in cold district.

IC ICM H01M008-04

ICS H01M008-04; B01D053-22; B01D063-02

- CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology) Section cross-reference(s): 47
- ST humidifier hollow fiber membrane fuel cell; solid state fuel cell humidifier membrane
- IT Fuel cells

Heaters

Solid state fuel cells

(hollow-fiber membrane humidifier
for fuel cells)

IT Membranes, nonbiological

(hollow-fiber, water-permeable;
hollow-fiber membrane humidifier for
fuel cells)

IT Air conditioners

(humidifiers; hollow-fiber membrane humidifier for fuel cells)

IT Water vapor

(membrane permeation of; hollow-fiber
membrane humidifier for fuel cells)

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L44 ANSWER 1 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2004-085514 [09] WPIX

DNN N2004-068236 DNC C2004-035410

TI Humidifier for use in fuel cell for

```
car, has pair of gaps provided at perimeter of hollow
     fiber membrane bundle over wall surface of case.
DC
     J01 074 X16
PΑ
     (NIOD) NOK CORP
CYC
PΙ
     JP 2004006099 A 20040108 (200409)*
                                               20p H01M008-04
ADT
     JP 2004006099 A JP 2002-159601 20020531
PRAI JP 2002-159601
                      20020531
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
     ICS
          B01D063-02; F24F006-08
     JP2004006099 A UPAB: 20040205
AB
     NOVELTY - A humidifier (10) has a pair of gaps (S)
     provided at the perimeter of a hollow fiber
     membrane bundle (12) over the wall surface (11c) of a case (11), in
     vicinity of a transduction hole (11a) and an excretory pore (11b).
          USE - Used in a humidifier of a fuel
     cell used as a power generation system in a car.
          ADVANTAGE - By providing gaps, the pressure loss is suppressed,
     and efficiency of the humidifier is improved.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a partial block
     diagram of the humidifier.
       humidifier 10
     case 11
          transduction hole 11a
          excretory pore 11b
     wall surface 11c
            hollow fiber membrane bundle 12
     gap S
     Dwg.2/11
FS
     CPI EPI GMPI
FA
     AB; GI
MC
     CPI: J01-C03
     EPI: X16-C
L44
     ANSWER 2 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2004-076873 [08]
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2004-062107
                        DNC C2004-031956
TΙ
     Humidification apparatus for fuel cell
     has buffer film to absorb impact of gas flowing from gas-inlet hole
     provided in housing accommodating hollow fiber
     membrane bundle.
     J01 X16
DC
PA
     (NIOD) NOK CORP
CYC
PI
     JP 2004006100 A 20040108 (200408)*
                                              18p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2004006100 A JP 2002-159602 20020531
ADT
PRAI JP 2002-159602
                      20020531
IC
     ICM H01M008-04
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ICS B01D063-02; B01D069-08
     JP2004006100 A UPAB: 20040202
AB
     NOVELTY - A humidification apparatus (10) has a buffer
     film (14) which absorbs the impact of gas flowing from gas-inlet
     holes (11a) provided in the apparatus housing (11) accommodating an
     hollow fiber membrane bundle (12).
          USE - Used as a humidification apparatus for a
     fuel cell used for electric power generation.
          ADVANTAGE - Since the impact of gas on the hollow
     fiber membrane bundle is absorbed, breakage of the bundle is
     prevented.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view
     of the humidification apparatus.
            humidification apparatus 10
     housing 11
          gas-inlet holes 11a
          gas-outlet holes 11b
            hollow fiber membrane bundle 12
     buffer film 14
     Dwg.2/10
     CPI EPI
FS
     AB; GI
FA
MC
     CPI: J01-E03E
     EPI: X16-C
L44
     ANSWER 3 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2003-783632 [74]
                        WPIX
DNC
     C2003-216223
ТΤ
     Hollow fiber membrane assembly for fluid
     processing apparatus, comprises potting ring mounted on periphery of
     potting material adhered to ends of fiber, to maintain bundles
     supported in alignment with each other.
DC
     J01
PA
     (ASAG) ASAHI GLASS ENG KK
CYC
PΙ
     JP 2003236347 A 20030826 (200374)*
                                               7p B01D063-02
ADT
     JP 2003236347 A JP 2002-41797 20020219
PRAI JP 2002-41797
                      20020219
IC
     ICM B01D063-02
     ICS B01D063-00
AB
     JP2003236347 A UPAB: 20031117
     NOVELTY - A perforated support (15) supports hollow
     fiber membrane bundles (14) in alignment with each other by
     inserting the end of the bundles into respective support holes (20).
     A potting ring (17) is mounted on the periphery of a potting
     material adhered to the end of the bundles supported by the support.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included
     for hollow fiber membrane assembly manufacture.
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USE - Used for a fluid processing apparatus, solid polymer fuel cells, dehumidifiers, humidifiers, concentrators, separators and filters. ADVANTAGE - Disorder in the arrangement of hollow fiber membranes is prevented, and strength of the potting material is improved. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view of the fluid processing apparatus with a hollow fiber membrane assembly. Hollow fiber membrane assembly 2A Hollow fiber membrane bundle 14 Supports 15 Supporting material 16 Potting ring 17 Support hole 20 Dwg.1/7 CPI AB; GI CPI: J01-C03 ANSWER 4 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2003-734472 [70] WPIX N2003-587254 DNN DNC C2003-202426 Humidifier, for fuel cell, includes heat exchanger between serially connected hollow thread membrane modules, to heat air humidified by membrane modules. J01 J02 Q74 X16 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC JP 2002075423 A 20020315 (200370)* 11p H01M008-04 JP 2002075423 A JP 2000-265925 20000901 PRAI JP 2000-265925 20000901 ICM H01M008-04 B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-06 JP2002075423 A UPAB: 20031030 NOVELTY - The humidifier has a pair of serially connected hollow thread membrane modules (21a, 21b) to humidify the air supplied to a fuel cell (1) by the moisture content in the exhaust gas. A heat exchanger (22) between the hollow thread membrane modules heats the humidified air. The heated air is supplied to the fuel cell. USE - For fuel cell. ADVANTAGE - The air supplied to fuel cell is efficiently humidified, by the thread membranes. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the above humidifier. (Drawing includes non- English language text).

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ADT

fuel cell 1

humidifier 2 hollow thread membrane modules 21a,21b heat exchanger 22 Dwg.1/1FS CPI EPI GMPI AB; GI FA MC CPI: J02-A02 EPI: X16-C15 L44 ANSWER 5 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2003-734471 [70] AN WPIX N2003-587253 DNC C2003-202425 DNN TIHumidifier, for fuel cell, includes hollow thread membranes, from which humidified air is supplied to fuel cell simultaneously. J02 074 X16 DC PΑ (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC 1 PI . JP 2002075422 A 20020315 (200370)* 9p H01M008-04 JP 2002075422 A JP 2000-265692 20000901 ADT PRAI JP 2000-265692 20000901 IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-06 JP2002075422 A UPAB: 20031030 AΒ NOVELTY - The air exhausted from fuel cell (1) is transduced into the hollow thread membranes (21a, 21b) of the humidifier, sequentially. The humidified air is supplied back to the fuel cell, from both the hollow thread membranes, simultaneously. USE - For fuel cell. ADVANTAGE - The air exhausted from fuel cell is humidified efficiently, by the specially designed structure of the novel humidifier. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the structure of the above humidifier. (Drawing includes non-English language text). fuel cell 1 hollow thread membranes 21a,21b Dwq.1/1FS CPI EPI GMPI FA AB; GI CPI: J02-A02 MC EPI: X16-C15 L44 ANSWER 6 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

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AN
     2003-537023 [51]
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2003-426238
                        DNC C2003-145782
ΤI
     Hollow fiber membrane module for
     humidifying feed-gas of fuel cell,
     comprises case whose annular grooves enable fixing thermosetting
     material which fixes hollow fiber membranes to
     edges of case, within case.
DC
     J01 X16
PΑ
     (NIOD) NOK CORP
CYC
     JP 2003164735 A 20030610 (200351)*
PI
                                                6p B01D063-02
ADT
     JP 2003164735 A JP 2001-364517 20011129
PRAI JP 2001-364517
                      20011129
IC
     ICM B01D063-02
     ICS B01D063-00; H01M008-04
ICA H01M008-10
AB
     JP2003164735 A UPAB: 20030808
     NOVELTY - A module (1) has a cylindrical case (2) in which a number
     of hollow fiber membranes (3) are arranged. The
     hollow fiber membranes are fixed at the edges of
     the case by a thermosetting material (4). Annular grooves (2a)
     formed at inner face of the case, enable fixing the thermosetting
     material in specified position within the case.
          USE - Used for humidifying feed-gas of a fuel
     cell.
          ADVANTAGE - The shifting of the position of the thermosetting
     material, due to the pressure of the gas supplied into the module,
     can be prevented by firmly fixing the thermosetting material within
     the case, even when the module is exposed to different conditions of
     temperature and humidity.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows the schematic
     view of the hollow fiber membrane module.
     Module 1
          Cylindrical case 2
          Annular grooves 2a
            Hollow fiber membranes 3
          Thermosetting material 4
     Dwg.1/6
     CPI EPI
FS
FΑ
     AB; GI
     CPI: J01-C03
MC
     EPI: X16-C15
L44
     ANSWER 7 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
ΑN
     2003-475170 [45]
                        WPIX
    N2003-378269
DNN
TI
     Humidification apparatus for fuel cell
     used in vehicle, has hollow fibers accommodated
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in between fluids comprising high and low moisture-contents. DC X16 PΑ (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC JP 2003157872 A 20030530 (200345)* PI6p H01M008-04 ADT JP 2003157872 A JP 2001-356612 20011121 PRAI JP 2001-356612 20011121 IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; H01M008-10 AB JP2003157872 A UPAB: 20030716 NOVELTY - The apparatus (1) includes a housing (2) provided with hollow fibers accommodated in between fluids comprising high and low moisture-contents, respectively. The housing includes an inner pipe (3) comprising an insert hole (16) and exit hole (15) through which the fluids are circulated. USE - Humidification apparatus for fuel cell used in electric vehicle. ADVANTAGE - Suppresses the vibration of the hollow fibers, thereby preventing the generation of noise. Hence, prevents the damage of the hollow fibers and improves the reliability and electric power generation of the fuel cell. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a cross-sectional view of the humidification apparatus for fuel cell. (Drawing includes non-English language text). humidification apparatus 1 housing 2 inner pipe 3 exit hole 15. insert hole 16 Dwg.1/5 FS EPI FΑ AB; GI EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09 MC ANSWER 8 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN L44AN 2003-282597 [28] WPTX DNN N2003-224594 DNC C2003-074061 TΙ Hollow fiber membrane module, for electrically-powered vehicle, has holes in flow-path walls formed in outer side of hollow fiber membrane, whose opening ratio is altered based on distance between inlet and outlet of flow-paths. DC J01 X16 X21 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD PACYC 1 JP 2002370017 A 20021224 (200328)* PΙ 16p B01D063-02 ADT JP 2002370017 A JP 2001-178450 20010613

PRAI JP 2001-178450 20010613 ICICM B01D063-02 ICS H01M008-04 ICA H01M008-10 AB JP2002370017 A UPAB: 20030501 NOVELTY - A pair of flow-path walls (35,36) with holes are in the outer side of a hollow fiber membrane (32a) in a housing (31). The opening ratio of the holes is altered, according to the distance between the inlet and outlet of the flow-paths. USE - For humidification apparatus of fuel cell in electrically-powered vehicle. ADVANTAGE - Altering the opening ratio, and enables reduction in pressure loss in the housing. Since the fluid spreads round the whole of hollow fiber membrane, the humidification efficiency is improved. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the external and sectional views of the above hollow fiber membrane module. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Housing 31 Hollow fiber membrane 32a Flow-path walls 35,36 Dwg.4/16FS CPI EPI FΑ AB; GI CPI: J01-C03 MC EPI: X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A L44ANSWER 9 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN AN 2003-282440 [28] WPTX DNN N2003-224449 DNC C2003-074016 ΤI Hollow fiber membrane module, for electrically-powered vehicle, includes spiral flow path wall centering on hollow fiber membrane bundle along longitudinal direction with respect to flow of liquid flowing to outside of membranes. DC J01 X16 X21 PΑ (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC JP 2002358988 A 20021213 (200328)* PΙ 10p H01M008-04 JP 2002358988 A JP 2001-167343 20010601 ADT PRAI JP 2001-167343 20010601 IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS B01D063-02; H01M008-10 ICA H01M008-00 AΒ JP2002358988 A UPAB: 20030501 NOVELTY - A housing (31) contains a hollow fiber membrane bundle (32) formed by bundling several hollow fiber membranes (32a). A spiral flow path wall (50) is in

the housing centering on the hollow fiber membrane bundle the longitudinal direction with respect to the flow of fluid which flows to the outer side of the hollow fiber membranes. USE - E.g. for humidification apparatus, for fuel cell in electrically-powered vehicle. ADVANTAGE - The amount of the fluid flowed to the outer side of the hollow fiber membrane is distributed uniformly, thus improving humidification property. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows perspective and sectional views of the above hollow fiber membrane module. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Housing 31 Hollow fiber membrane module 32 Hollow fiber membranes 32a Spiral flow path wall 50 Dwg.4a,b/7CPI EPI AB; GI CPI: J01-C03 EPI: X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A ANSWER 10 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2003-261797 [26] WPIX N2003-207685 Gas humidifier for fuel cells, uses seal ring fixed between housing which stores hollow fiber membrane and surrounding jacket, to prevent circulation of gas and form stay spaces around housing. Q74 X16 X21 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD JP 2003065566 A 20030305 (200326)* 11p F24F006-04 JP 2003065566 A JP 2001-254762 20010824 PRAI JP 2001-254762 20010824 ICM F24F006-04 B01D063-02; H01M008-04; H01M008-10 ICS JP2003065566 A UPAB: 20030428 NOVELTY - The humidifier (1) has a housing (2) which stores a hollow fiber membrane bundle. A jacket (3) having an inlet (17) and an outlet (18) for a gas, surrounds the housing. A seal ring (10a) fixed between the periphery of the housing and the jackets, prevents the circulation of the gas from the inlet to the outlet and divides two gas stay spaces (20a,20b) around the housing.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The moisture content is exchanged between two gases whose moisture contents differ when passing the gases respectively among the inner and outer sides of the

hollow fiber membrane.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for gas humidification system.

USE - For performing humidification function in fuel cells mounted on fuel cell electric vehicle.

ADVANTAGE - The temperature reduction of the gas passed in a gas humidifier, can be decreased and the humidification function can be improved, since a gas which piles up in the gas stay spaces formed between the periphery of housing containing the hollow fiber membrane and a jacket surrounding the housing functions as a heat retention layer and suppresses the heat release to the external from the gas flowing in the humidifier. A separate fluid need not be necessarily used only for heat retention. The sealing can be made effectively with a simple structure, by providing a seal ring between the housing and the jacket to prevent a circulation of the gas between the inlet and outlet of the jacket. The seal structure becomes easy, since it is not necessary to seal between the gases passed inside and outside the hollow fiber membrane.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view of the gas **humidifier**. (Drawing includes non-English language text).

humidifier 1

housing 2

jacket 3

seal ring 10a

inlet 17

outlet 18

gas stay spaces 20a,20b

Dwg.1/5

FS EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09; X21-B01

L44 ANSWER 11 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2003-081939 [08] WPIX

DNN N2003-064283

TI Humidification module for humidifying fluid, uses membranes set around internal pipe to exchange water between warm fluid fed from internal pipe and other fluid fed from outside.

DC Q74 X16 X21

PA (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

CYC 1

PI JP 2002298883 A 20021011 (200308) * 8p H01M008-04

ADT JP 2002298883 A JP 2001-99477 20010330

PRAI JP 2001-99477 20010330

ICM H01M008-04 IC F24F006-00; H01M008-10 TCS JP2002298883 A UPAB: 20030204 AB NOVELTY - The humidification module (12) has several hollow fiber membranes (P) set around an internal pipe (16) which has a flow path to pass warm fluid fed from an inlet of one end into the membranes from an outlet (27) to exchange the water between the warm fluid and another fluid fed from an inlet (23) of one end to an outlet of the other end outside the internal pipe. USE - For humidifying fluid of low humidity by promoting exchange of water content between two fluids in fluid cell system, etc. ADVANTAGE - The heat calories contained in warm fluid which is at a relatively high temperature between two fluids can be retained and utilized effectively, since the warm fluid is fed from the interior of internal pipe into several hollow fiber membranes set around the internal pipe while the other fluid is passed through the membranes from outside the internal pipe. The humidification efficiency can be improved, since humidification module can be maintained at high temperature. The electricity generation efficiency can be improved, when applying to fuel cell system. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a perspective view of the humidification module. Humidification module 12 Internal pipe 16 Inlet 23 Outlet 27 Hollow fiber membranes P Dwg.2/7 FS EPI GMPI FΑ AB; GI EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09; X16-C15; X21-A01F; X21-B01A MC ANSWER 12 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN L44 AN 2003-071756 [07] WPIX N2003-055989 DNC C2003-018791 DNN Hollow fiber membrane humidifier for TIfuel cell, has fluid outlet holes formed on one side of hollow fiber membrane, whose diameter is less than inlet holes formed on another side. DC J01 Q74 X16 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD PA CYC 11p H01M008-06 JP 2002298895 A 20021011 (200307)* PΙ JP 2002298895 A JP 2001-101416 20010330 ADT

PRAI JP 2001-101416 20010330

ΙC ICM H01M008-06 ICS B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04; H01M008-04; H01M008-10 ABJP2002298895 A UPAB: 20030129 NOVELTY - The diameter of an outlet hole (S2) formed on one side of the circumference of a hollow fiber membrane (HF), through which the fluid is sent out of the housing, is less than the inlet hole (S1) formed on another side of the circumference of the membrane. USE - In a fuel cell. ADVANTAGE - The spreading of fluid around the whole film of the hollow fiber membrane is enabled, improving the humidification efficiency. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a perspective view of the hollow fiber membrane module. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Hollow fiber membrane (HF Inlet hole S1 Outlet hole S2 Dwg.1/9FS CPI EPI GMPI FΑ AB; GI MC CPI: J01-C03 EPI: X16-C09; X16-C16 L44ANSWER 13 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN AN 2003-064256 [06] WPIX DNN N2003-050067 DNC C2003-016738 ΤI Humidification membrane module, for fuel cell, has cylindrical partition layer to enable fluid recirculation within housing. DC J01 074 X16 X21 PA(HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC PΙ JP 2002303435 A 20021018 (200306)* 15p F24F006-04 ADT JP 2002303435 A JP 2001-101814 20010330 PRAI JP 2001-101814 20010330 IC ICM F24F006-04 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02 ICA H01M008-04; H01M008-10 AB JP2002303435 A UPAB: 20030124 NOVELTY - The multi-layered hollow fiber membrane (12) held inside a housing (11) contacts fluids on its inner and outer layers (12a, 12b). A prescribed length of cylindrical partition layer (17) is integral with the membrane, for dividing it into two portions and to enable fluid recirculation within the housing. USE - For exchanging moisture content between gases, such as in

a fuel cell used as power source for electric

vehicle, etc. ADVANTAGE - Heat loss on membrane surface is reduced and channeling is reduced or prevented by using a partition layer which separates the fiber membrane, to enable fluid recirculation easily. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the above humidification membrane module. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Housing 11 Multi-layered hollow fiber membrane 12 Inner layer 12a Outer layer 12b Cylindrical partition layer 17 Dwq.2/11 CPI EPI GMPI AB; GI CPI: J01-E01; J01-E03E EPI: X16-C16; X21-A01F; X21-B01A ANSWER 14 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2002-457395 [49] WPIX N2002-360669 DNC C2002-130373 DNN Humidification apparatus for fuel cell , has hollow fiber membrane through which air to be humidified and cooling water are made to flow. J01 Q74 X16 X21 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD JP 2002075421 A 20020315 (200249)* 10p H01M008-04 JP 2002075421 A JP 2000-264851 20000901 PRAI JP 2000-264851 20000901 ICM H01M008-04 B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; F24F006-04 JP2002075421 A UPAB: 20020802 NOVELTY - Air to be humidified and cooling water flow through hollow fiber membranes (21). Air containing moisture ejected from a fuel cell also flows through the membranes in the opposite direction, such that the moisture of ejected air is imparted to the supply air. During start-up, supply air is humidified by the water.

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USE - For fuel cells in electric vehicles. ADVANTAGE - Separate humidification apparatus do not need to be provided at the time of start-up, since cooling water is used suitably, thus reducing size. While humidification property of a humidifies improves, the amount of water recovered also increases. Supply air is efficiently humidified over the whole of hollow fiber membrane.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a perspective view

and a sectional side view of the hollow fiber membrane module contained in a humidifier. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Hollow fiber membrane 21 Dwg.4/7CPI EPI GMPI AB; GI CPI: J01-E02C; J01-E03E EPI: X16-C; X16-C15; X21-B01A ANSWER 15 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2002-429944 [46] WPIX DNN N2002-337944 DNC C2002-122378 Hollow fiber membrane module for humidification apparatus of fuel cell, has baffles arranged along a supply path at regular intervals. J01 X16 X21 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD JP 2002066263 A 20020305 (200246) * 11p B01D063-02 ADT JP 2002066263 A JP 2000-258868 20000829 PRAI JP 2000-258868 20000829 ICM B01D063-02 ICS H01M008-04; H01M008-06 JP2002066263 A UPAB: 20020722 NOVELTY - Baffles (41a-41d) are provided to divide an air supply path (A) of a hollow fiber membrane module (21) which is arranged inside a housing (31). DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the production of a hollow fiber membrane module. USE - For a humidification apparatus of a fuel cell in an electric vehicle. ADVANTAGE - The flow path of gas in a housing is lengthened and the flow rate of the gas is increased. Water content exchange is performed efficiently. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a perspective vie wand a cross-sectional side view of the hollow fiber membrane module. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Hollow fiber membrane module 21 Housing 31 Baffles 41a-41d Supply path A

Dwg.4a,b/12CPI EPI FS FΑ AB; GI CPI: J01-E02C MC EPI: X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A

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L44 ANSWER 16 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN ΑN 2002-429943 [46] WPIX DNN N2002-337943 DNC C2002-122377 TIHollow fiber membrane-type humidifier for fuel cell system of electric vehicle, has inflow and outflow hole connection groove formed at internal circumference surface of housing. DCJ01 Q13 Q74 X16 X21 PA (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC PΙ JP 2002066262 A 20020305 (200246)* 7p B01D063-02 JP 2002066262 A JP 2000-258774 20000829 ADT PRAI JP 2000-258774 20000829 TC ICM B01D063-02 ICS B60K001-04; F24F006-04 ICA H01M008-04; H01M008-10 JP2002066262 A UPAB: 20020722 AB NOVELTY - Several gas inlet holes (2A) and outlet holes (2B) are formed at the end portions of a hollow fiber membrane module (3). An inflow hole connection groove and outflow hole connection grooves are formed at the internal circumference surface of the housing (2), which are connected to the gas inlet holes and gas outlet holes, respectively. USE - For fuel cell systems, e.g. proton exchange membrane fuel cells of electric vehicles. ADVANTAGE - Reduction of humidification capability is prevented by providing the inflow and outflow hole connection groove. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view of the hollow fiber membrane-type humidifier. Housing 2 Gas inlet holes 2A Gas outlet holes 2B Hollow fiber membrane module 3 Dwg.2/8 FS CPI EPI GMPI FAAB; GI MC CPI: J01-E02C EPI: X16-C01C; X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A ANSWER 17 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN L44AN 2002-420726 [45] WPIX N2002-330944 DNN DNC C2002-119528 ΤI Humidification apparatus for fuel cell , has housing with multiple hollow fiber

membranes whose initial hole is smaller than final hole. DC J01 074 X16 PA(HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD CYC PΙ JP 2002066265 A 20020305 (200245)* 15p B01D063-02 JP 2002066265 A JP 2000-264705 20000831 ADT PRAI JP 2000-264705 20000831 IC ICM B01D063-02 ICS F24F006-00; F24F006-04 ICA H01M008-04 AB JP2002066265 A UPAB: 20020717 NOVELTY - A housing (20a) has multiple hollow fiber membranes (25) with several holes for water exchange between several gases. An initial hole near a gas inlet is smaller than a final hole. USE - For use in a fuel cell. ADVANTAGE - High efficiency is obtained as the gas is equally distributed through the holes. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a block diagram of the humidification apparatus. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Housing 20a Hollow fiber membranes 25 Dwq.6/12FS CPI EPI GMPI FΑ AB; GI MC CPI: J01-E02C EPI: X16-C09 L44 ANSWER 18 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN AN 2002-410684 [44] WPIX N2002-322870 DNN TIHumidification apparatus for fuel cell , has plastic component provided between outer side plates provided over inlet and outlet ends of hollow fiber membrane. DC X16 (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD PACYC PΙ JP 2002075419 A 20020315 (200244)* 7p H01M008-04 ADT JP 2002075419 A JP 2000-264704 20000831 PRAI JP 2000-264704 20000831 IC ICM H01M008-04 ICS H01M008-10 AB JP2002075419 A UPAB: 20020711 NOVELTY - The outer side plates (3a,4a) are respectively provided over inlet end and outlet end of a hollow fiber membrane (2). An plastic component (6) is provided between the outer

side plates.

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USE - For fuel cell.
          ADVANTAGE - Insulation between the fuel cell
     and the pressure control valve structures is ensured by providing
     plastic component between outer side plates. Liquid junction
     formation is prevented.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure explains the flow of gas
     into the hollow fiber membrane of the
     humidification apparatus. (Drawing includes Non-English
     language text).
            Hollow fiber membrane 2
          Outer side plates 3a,4a
          Plastic component 6
     Dwg.2/7
FS
     EPI
     AB; GI
FΑ
MC
     EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09
L44
     ANSWER 19 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
AN
     2002-033630 [04]
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2002-025875
TΙ
     Fuel cell system has auxiliary
     humidifier for supplying collected water to fuel
     cell, when humidification obtained by
     water-permeable-type humidifier is insufficient.
DC
     Q74 X16
IN
     KANAI, Y; KOBAYASHI, T; KUROSAKI, K; OKAMOTO, H; SHIMANUKI, H
PΑ
     (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK; (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD
CYC
PΙ
     US 2001021468 A1 20010913 (200204)*
                                              37p
                                                     H01M008-04
     CA 2339508 A1 20010908 (200204) EN
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2001256989 A 20010921 (200204)
                                              12p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2001351660 A 20011221 (200206)
                                              q8
                                                     H01M008-04
     DE 10110419 A1 20031023 (200377)
                                                     H01M008-02
                   B2 20040224 (200415)
     US 6696192
                                                     H01M002-00
     US 2001021468 A1 US 2001-801312 20010307; CA 2339508 A1 CA
ADT
     2001-2339508 20010307; JP 2001256989 A JP 2000-64021 20000308; JP
     2001351660 A JP 2000-171173 20000607; DE 10110419 A1 DE
     2001-10110419 20010305; US 6696192 B2 US 2001-801312 20010307
PRAI JP 2000-171173
                      20000607; JP 2000-64021
                                                 20000308
IC
          H01M002-00; H01M008-02; H01M008-04
          F24F006-00; F24F006-04; F24F011-02; H01M002-02; H01M008-00;
          H01M008-06; H01M008-09; H01M008-10; H01M008-12
AΒ
     US2001021468 A UPAB: 20020117
     NOVELTY - An auxiliary humidifier has a vapor/liquid
     separator (3) for separating water from exhaust gas exhausted from a
     fuel cell (1). An injector (17) injects water
     stored in a collected water storage tank (4) to the fuel
```

```
cell, when the amount of humidification obtained
     by a water-permeable-type humidifier (2), is insufficient
     for humidifying the cell.
          USE - Fuel cell system.
          ADVANTAGE - Power generation is started early, as the auxiliary
     humidifier carries out humidification when
     water-permeable-type humidifier is not able to carry out
     humidification when the fuel cell starts
     operating with a dry hollow fiber membrane.
     Sufficient humidification is achieved without wasteful
     power consumption. Power generating efficiency is increased.
          DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the fuel
     cell system.
       Fuel cell 1
          Water-permeable-type humidifier 2
          Vapor/liquid separator 3
          Collected water storage tank 4
     Injector 17
     Dwg.1/28
     EPI GMPI
     AB; GI
     EPI: X16-C09
    ANSWER 20 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
     2001-600046 [68]
                        WPIX
    N2001-447640
                        DNC C2001-177622
     Humidifier for fuel cell used in
     electric vehicle, allows moist gas and dry gas to flow orthogonally
     to the inner and outer surfaces of several hollow
     fiber membranes.
     H08 J01 L03 074 X16 X21
     (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD
     JP 2001201122 A 20010727 (200168)*
                                              16p F24F006-04
     JP 2001201122 A JP 2000-10974 20000119
PRAI JP 2000-10974
                     20000119
     ICM F24F006-04
     ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D069-08; F24F006-00
    H01M008-04
     JP2001201122 A UPAB: 20011121
    NOVELTY - The moist gas and dry gas are allowed to flow orthogonally
     to the inner surface and outer surface of several hollow
    fiber membranes arranged inside a housing along longitudinal
    direction. The moisture content between the gases is exchanged.
         USE - For humidifying dry gas ejected from
    fuel cell used in electric vehicle.
         ADVANTAGE - Performs the exchange of moisture content between
    the gases by flowing the moist gas and dry gas along orthogonal
```

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L44 AN

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PA

CYC PΙ

ADT

ICA

IC

AB

direction. Recovers the water efficiently.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view of humidifier.

Dwg.5/10

FS CPI EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC CPI: H08-E04; J01-E03E; L03-E04; L03-H05

EPI: X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A

L44 ANSWER 21 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2001-600045 [68] WPIX

DNN N2001-447639 DNC C2001-177621

Humidification equipment for fuel cells comprises water permeable hollow fiber membranes of non-circular section with larger outer flow path than circular membranes to exchange moisture between two gases.

DC J01 L03 Q74 X16 X21

PA (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD

CYC 1

PI JP 2001201121 A 20010727 (200168) * 10p F24F006-04

ADT JP 2001201121 A JP 2000-10973 20000119

PRAI JP 2000-10973 20000119

IC ICM F24F006-04

ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B01D069-08; F24F006-00

ICA H01M008-04

AB JP2001201121 A UPAB: 20011121

NOVELTY - Several water permeable hollow fiber membranes (HF) of non-circular cross-sectional shape are stored in a longitudinal direction in a casing so that the flow path of gas flowing on the outer side is larger than that of circular fiber membranes. Exchange of moisture is performed between two gases of different moisture contents flowing inside and outside the fiber membranes.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The gas whose moisture content is low is humidified, while the gas whose moisture content is high is dehumidified according to exchange of moisture content between both gases.

USE - For performing humidification of solid electrolyte type fuel cells used as power sources in electric vehicles.

ADVANTAGE - The harmony of the characteristics which usually conflict can be secured by increasing the surface area of the hollow fiber membranes and enabling a reduction of pressure loss. An improvement in humidification capability can be achieved and a favorable humidification can be performed.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a perspective view of the structure of non-circular $hollow\ fiber$

membranes used in humidification equipment.

Hollow fiber membrane HF

Dwg.5a,b/9

FS CPI EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC CPI: J01-E01; L03-E04

EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A

L44 ANSWER 22 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2001-600044 [68] WPIX

CR 2001-544974 [61]; 2001-544975 [61]

DNN N2001-447638 DNC C2001-177620

TI Humidifier for fuel cells of electric

vehicle, has air flow inlet provided on edge of housing along longitudinal direction.

DC H08 J01 L03 Q74 X16 X21

IN KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M

PA (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK

CYC 2

PI JP 2001201120 A 20010727 (200168)* 11p F24F006-04 US 6653012 B2 20031125 (200378) H01M002-14

ADT JP 2001201120 A JP 2000-10969 20000119; US 6653012 B2 US 2001-764277 20010119

PRAI JP 2000-10969 20000119; JP 2000-10970 20000119; JP 2000-10971 20000119

IC ICM F24F006-04; H01M002-14

ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-00; H01M008-04; H01M008-10

AB JP2001201120 A UPAB: 20031203

NOVELTY - Several hollow fiber membranes (21b)

are arranged inside a housing (21a) along longitudinal direction. The gases of different moisture contents are allowed to flow to the inner and outer surfaces of hollow fiber

membranes, so that exchange of moisture content between the gases is performed. Air flow inlet (21c) is provided on the edge of housing along longitudinal direction.

USE - For humidifying gas discharged from

fuel cells used for electric vehicles.

ADVANTAGE - Efficiently exchanges the moisture content at the edge of the housing by spreading the gas which flows at the outer surface of hollow fiber pipe through air flow inlet at the edge. Recovers water efficiently.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a sectional view of hollow fiber membrane module in humidifier.

Housing 21a

Hollow fiber membranes 21b

Air flow inlet 21c

Dwg.5/10

```
FS
     CPI EPI GMPI
FΑ
     AB; GI
MC
     CPI: H08-E04; J01-E01; J01-E03E; L03-E04
     EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A
     ANSWER 23 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN
L44
ΑN
     2001-544975 [61]
                        WPIX
CR
     2001-544974 [61]; 2001-600044 [68]
DNN
     N2001-405081
TI
     Humidification apparatus for fuel cell
     , has hollow fiber pipes of water permeability,
     to exchange moisture content between gases which are made to flow to
     inner side and outer side of pipes.
DC
     H08 J01 L03 Q74 X16 X21
     KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M
IN
     (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (KATA-I) KATAGIRI T; (KUSA-I) KUSANO Y;
PΑ
     (SHIM-I) SHIMANUKI H; (SUZU-I) SUZUKI M; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK
CYC
PI
     JP 2001202977 A 20010727 (200161)*
                                              11p
                                                     H01M008-04
     US 2001021467 A1 20010913 (200161)
                                                     H01M008-04
     US 6653012
                 B2 20031125 (200378)
                                                     H01M002-14
     JP 2001202977 A JP 2000-10971 20000119; US 2001021467 A1 US
ADT
     2001-764277 20010119; US 6653012 B2 US 2001-764277 20010119
PRAI JP 2000-10971
                      20000119; JP 2000-10969
                                                 20000119; JP 2000-10970
     20000119
IC
     ICM H01M002-14; H01M008-04
          B01D063-02; F02M017-28; F24F006-06; H01M008-10
     ICS
AΒ
     JP2001202977 A UPAB: 20031203
    NOVELTY - Multiple hollow fiber pipes (HF) of
    water permeability are arranged inside the housing. The gases
    differing in moisture content are allowed to flow to inner side and
    outer side of hollow fiber pipes, so that
    exchange of moisture content between the gases is performed.
         DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The inner surface of hollow
    fiber pipes have either protrusions, torsion fins or step
    portions for turbulent flow.
         USE - For humidification of fuel
    cells.
         ADVANTAGE - Improves the transmission of moisture from moist
    gas to dried gas by hollow fiber pipes of water
```

permeability. Uniform flow of gases on the inner side of the hollow fiber pipes is obtained because of protrusions.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the sectional

views of hollow fiber pipes. (Drawing includes non-English language text).

Hollow fiber pipes HF

Dwg.5/8

FS CPI EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09

L44 ANSWER 24 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2001-544974 [61] WPIX

CR 2001-544975 [61]; 2001-600044 [68]

DNN N2001-405080

Humidifier for fuel cell used in electric vehicle, has hollow fiber membranes of water permeability, arranged inside housing having turbulent flow generation grooves, to exchange moisture content between gases.

DC H08 J01 L03 Q74 X16 X21

IN KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M

PA (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK

CYC 2

PI JP 2001202976 A 20010727 (200161)* 12p H01M008-04 US 6653012 B2 20031125 (200378) H01M002-14

ADT JP 2001202976 A JP 2000-10970 20000119; US 6653012 B2 US 2001-764277 20010119

PRAI JP 2000-10970 20000119; JP 2000-10969 20000119; JP 2000-10971 20000119

IC ICM H01M002-14; H01M008-04 ICS B01D053-22; B01D063-02; F24F006-06; H01M008-10

AB JP2001202976 A UPAB: 20031203

NOVELTY - Multiple hollow fiber membranes of water permeability are arranged in a housing (31). The gases with different moisture contents, are allowed to flow through the inner side and outer side of hollow fiber membranes, so that exchange of moisture content between the gases is performed. The inner wall surface of the housing is made into turbulent flow generation grooves and protrusions.

USE - For humidifying dried gas in fuel

cell used for electric vehicles.

ADVANTAGE - Amount of water recovered from the moist gas is improved due to **hollow fiber** membranes of water permeability. Uniform flow of gases on the inner surface of **hollow fiber** membrane is obtained.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the perspective and side views of **hollow fiber** pipe. (Drawing includes non-English language text). Housing 31

Dwg.5/13

FS CPI EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC EPI: X16-C01; X16-C09

L44 ANSWER 25 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

```
AN
     2001-537290 [60]
                        WPIX
DNN
     N2001-399100
     Humidifier has bundles of hollow fiber
TI
     membranes that can pass water arranged in longitudinal direction of
     housing, associated heater and flowing gases that exchange water
     contents.
DC
     013 X16 X21
IN
     KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M
PΑ
     (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK; (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (KATA-I)
     KATAGIRI T; (KUSA-I) KUSANO Y; (SHIM-I) SHIMANUKI H; (SUZU-I) SUZUKI
     Μ
CYC
PΙ
     DE 10102358 A1 20010823 (200160)*
                                               22p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2001202979 A 20010727 (200160)
                                               11p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2001216981 A
                      20010810 (200160)
                                               7p
                                                     H01M008-04
     US 2001015501 A1 20010823 (200160)
                                                     B01F003-04
     US 6554261
                  B2 20030429 (200331)
                                                     B01F003-04
     JP 2003156238 A
                      20030530 (200345)
                                               q8
                                                     F24F006-10
     JP 3430402 B2 20030728 (200351)
                                              12p
                                                     H01M008-04
     JP 2003178781 A 20030627 (200351)
                                               gę
                                                     H01M008-04
ADT
     DE 10102358 A1 DE 2001-10102358 20010119; JP 2001202979 A JP
     2000-10975 20000119; JP 2001216981 A JP 2000-23220 20000131; US
     2001015501 A1 US 2001-764430 20010119; US 6554261 B2 US 2001-764430
     20010119; JP 2003156238 A Div ex JP 2000-10975 20000119, JP
     2002-232088 20000119; JP 3430402 B2 JP 2000-10975 20000119; JP
     2003178781 A Div ex JP 2000-10975 20000119, JP 2002-232089 20000119
     JP 3430402 B2 Previous Publ. JP 2001202979
FDT
PRAI JP 2000-23220
                      20000131; JP 2000-10975
                                                 20000119; JP 2002-232088
     20000119; JP 2002-232089.
                                20000119
IC
     ICM B01F003-04; F24F006-10; H01M008-04
          B01D053-22; B01D063-02; B60K001-04; F24F006-00; F24F006-08
     ICS
    H01M008-10
ICA
AΒ
         10102358 A UPAB: 20011018
     NOVELTY - The humidifier has a housing (2) with several
    bundles (21) of hollow fiber membranes that can
    pass water and that are arranged in the longitudinal direction of
     the housing. Two different gases with different water content are
    passed through the inner space and the outer space outside the
    membranes to exchange their water contents and to humidify
     the gas with the lower water content. A heater feeds heat to the
    membrane bundles.
         USE - Humidifier for fuel cell
    system.
         ADVANTAGE - Can be operated in colder regions without problems.
```

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a schematic

perspective representation of a humidifier (Drawing

includes non-English text)
 humidifier housing 2

membranes 21 distributor 22 Dwg.4A/14

FS EPI GMPI

FA AB; GI

MC EPI: X16-C09; X21-A01F; X21-B01A

L44 ANSWER 26 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN

AN 2001-520933 [57] WPIX

DNN N2001-385860

Humidifier for fuel cell system used in electric vehicles, has bypass channel with inlet and outlet for respectively introducing and discharging gas flowing outside hollow fiber membrane.

DC 074 X16 X21

IN KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M

PA (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (KATA-I) KATAGIRI T; (KUSA-I) KUSANO Y; (SHIM-I) SHIMANUKI H; (SUZU-I) SUZUKI M

CYC 2

PI US 2001015500 A1 20010823 (200157)* 17p B01F003-04 JP 2001202978 A 20010727 (200158) 11p H01M008-04

ADT US 2001015500 A1 US 2001-764391 20010119; JP 2001202978 A JP 2000-10972 20000119

PRAI JP 2000-10972 20000119

IC ICM B01F003-04; H01M008-04

ICS B01D053-22; F24F006-06; H01M008-10

AB US2001015500 A UPAB: 20011005

NOVELTY - The humidifier (2) has bypass channel formed with an inlet that introduces the gas flowing outside a hollow fiber membrane into a housing, and an outlet that discharges the gas flowing outside the hollow fiber membrane. The bypass channel has a larger diameter than that of the hollow fiber membrane.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The bypass channel is formed on the center portion of the housing in cross-lengthwise direction along the housing. INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) the **fuel cell** system using the **humidifier**;
 - (b) and the humidification process.

USE - For **fuel cell** system used as power source for electric vehicles.

ADVANTAGE - Has improved moisture recovery ratio since sufficient water exchange is performed even at portions near the ends of the hollow fiber membranes stored within the housing. Ensures effective moisture exchange and enhanced moisture recovery since gas can be supplied over the entire area of the hollow fiber membranes. Performs moisture exchange with higher efficiency.

FS

FΑ

MC

L44

DNN ΤI

ΑN

DC ΙN

PA CYC

PI

ADT

TC

AB

Air inlet 1

Piping 5,6

Humidifier 4

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the fuel cell system using the humidifier. Humidifier 2 Dwq.1/14EPI GMPI AB; GI EPI: X16-C01C; X16-C15; X21-A01F; X21-B01A ANSWER 27 OF 27 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2004 THOMSON DERWENT on STN 2001-475429 [51] WPIX N2001-351940 Humidifying system for a fuel cell that uses hollow fiber water permeable membranes and a supercharger to supply wet gas to the fuel cell. 013 X16 KATAGIRI, T; KUSANO, Y; SHIMANUKI, H; SUZUKI, M (HOND) HONDA MOTOR CO LTD; (HOND) HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KK 2 US 2001010871 A1 20010802 (200151)* 14p H01M008-02 JP 2001216986 A 20010810 (200154) 6p H01M008-04 US 6638651 B2 20031028 (200372) H01M008-04 US 2001010871 A1 US 2001-774373 20010130; JP 2001216986 A JP 2000-23225 20000131; US 6638651 B2 US 2001-774373 20010130 PRAI JP 2000-23225 20000131 ICM H01M008-02; H01M008-04 B60K001-04; H01M008-10 US2001010871 A UPAB: 20010910 NOVELTY - The humidifying system takes in outside air. through an inlet (11) and gathers moisture from the exhaust gas released by the fuel cell (1). Highly wet air is formed in the humidifier (4) which communicates with both the piping (5) for air, and the piping (6) for exhaust gas. The highly wet air together with hydrogen is then supplied to the fuel cell (1) for the generation of electrical power. The wet air also supplies moisture to the membrane to maintain the water saturated condition. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An independent claim is included for a process for humidifying a fuel cell. USE - To maintain good ionic conduction by applying moisture to the solid polymer membrane. ADVANTAGE - Improved efficiency with reduced size of humidifier and supercharger. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - Block diagram of humidifying system

Air inlet 11

Dwg.1/7 EPI GMPI FS

FA AB; GI MC EPI: X16-C01C; X16-C15